AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME CONTENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2021

	Page
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits	1
Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits	2
Statement of Cash Flows	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	4
Auditor's Report	13

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS

For the year ended 31 March 2021

INCOME	Notes	2021 \$000's	2020 \$000's
Dividend and distribution income		1,126	1,439
Interest income		483	961
Net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		954,968	(88,206)
TOTAL INCOME		956,577	(85,806)
EXPENSES			
Audit fees	4,10	32	30
Other services provided by the auditor	4,10	37	34
Management fees	10	26,036	24,272
Other expenses	10 _	2,403	2,537
TOTAL EXPENSES		28,508	26,873
NET PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX		928,069	(112,679)
Tax expense/(credit)	_		
NET PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAX	=	928,069	(112,679)
MEMBERSHIP ACTIVITIES Contributions			
Members' contributions		438,327	410,068
Crown contributions		60,980	62,122
Employer contributions		211,760	191,460
Transfers from other superannuation schemes		51,372	76,995
Members' PIE tax rebates		143	6,216
Total Contributions		762,582	746,861
Withdrawals			
Members' withdrawals		200,811	215,882
Transfers to other superannuation schemes		355,631	410,104
Inland Revenue refunds		1,528	623
Members' PIE tax withdrawals		50,396	7,944
Member fees	10	4,914	5,029
Administration fees	10 _	24,870	23,138
Total Withdrawals	_	638,150	662,720
NET CONTRIBUTIONS/(WITHDRAWALS)		124,432	84,141
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS	=	1,052,501	(28,538)

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS As at 31 March 2021

	Notes	2021 \$000's	2020 \$000's
ASSETS	Proper		
Cash and cash equivalents	3	51,419	42,510
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3	6,456,372	5,372,695
Receivables	3 _	2,372	8,887
TOTAL ASSETS	-	6,510,163	5,424,092
LIABILITIES			
Payables	4	51,217	17,647
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	51,217	17,647
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS	=	6,458,946	5,406,445
VESTED BENEFITS	5 =	6,458,946	5,406,445

For and on behalf of AMP Wealth Management New Zealand Limited (the Manager), who authorised the issue of these financial statements as at the date below:

Rand Jan

16 June 2021

Date

Director

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 31 March 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	\$000's	\$000's
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		483	961
Sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		156,369	155,878
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(291,473)	(218,588)
Expenses paid	_	(27,374)	(25,824)
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	8 _	(161,995)	(87,573)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Contributions received		769,124	744,637
Withdrawals paid	_	(598,220)	(687,760)
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	170,904	56,877
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		8,909	(30,696)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		42,510	73,206
, ,	_		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	=	<u>51,419</u>	42,510

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2021

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

These financial statements are for the AMP KiwiSaver Scheme (the Scheme) for the year ended 31 March 2021 (balance date).

The Scheme is registered under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (the FMCA) as a KiwiSaver scheme. It is a default KiwiSaver scheme under the KiwiSaver Act 2006 (the KiwiSaver Act), pursuant to the KiwiSaver Default Provider (AMP) Notice 2015. The Scheme is a defined contribution scheme.

The purpose of the Scheme is to provide retirement benefits to Members in accordance with the KiwiSaver Act.

The Scheme is a profit-oriented reporting entity under XRB A1 - External Reporting Board Standard A1 'Application of the Accounting Standards Framework'.

The Scheme is currently governed by a Trust Deed dated 12 April 2016 between AMP Wealth Management New Zealand Limited (the Manager) and The New Zealand Guardian Trust Company Limited (the Supervisor).

The Manager of the Scheme is a wholly owned subsidiary of AMP New Zealand Holdings Limited. The Manager's ultimate holding company is AMP Limited, a company incorporated in Australia. The Manager is incorporated and domiciled in New Zealand. The registered office of the Manager is located at Level 19, AMP Centre, 29 Customs Street West, Auckland.

The Scheme is comprised of various funds (the Funds). Notwithstanding the division of the Scheme into Funds, the Scheme comprises a single trust fund with the value of the Members' interests in the Scheme determined by reference to the value of the units they hold in the Funds.

The Funds as at 31 March 2021 were as follows:

Diversified Funds

AMP Default Fund ANZ Conservative Fund ANZ Balanced Growth Fund

AMP Moderate Fund ANZ Growth Fund
AMP Moderate Balanced Fund ASB Moderate Fund
AMP Balanced Fund ASB Balanced Fund
AMP Growth Fund ASB Growth Fund

AMP Aggressive Fund

AMP Ethical Balanced Fund (previously known as

AMP Responsible Investment Balanced Fund)

Nikko AM Balanced Fund

Nikko AM Growth Fund

Mercer Balanced Fund

Single Sector Funds

AMP Cash Fund AMP International Shares Fund

AMP New Zealand Fixed Interest Fund AMP Passive International Shares Fund

AMP International Fixed Interest Fund

AMP Property Fund

AMP Australasian Shares Fund

Goals Based Funds

AMP Global Multi-Asset Fund AMP Income Generator Fund

In October 2020, the Manager made the decision that AMP Capital Investors (New Zealand) Limited will no longer be the underlying fund manager for the majority of the AMP-named funds in the Scheme. The Manager has decided to appoint BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited to provide investment management services in relation to those funds, subject to certain conditions being met. Provided the conditions are met, the Manager expects to effect this change in the second half of 2021.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies that materially affect the financial statements are set out below.

(a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Trust Deed governing the Scheme, the KiwiSaver Act, the FMCA and New Zealand Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (NZ GAAP). They comply with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS), International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate for profit-oriented entities.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The going concern assumption has been applied.

The Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current.

(b) Investment entities

The Scheme meets the definition of an investment entity.

The Manager determined that the Scheme met the definition of an investment entity by considering the number of Members in the Scheme, the Scheme's business purpose which is to generate a return to Members from capital appreciation and that substantially all of the Scheme's financial assets are measured and evaluated on a fair value basis.

(c) Currency

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, which is the Scheme's functional and presentation currency. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000's).

(d) Income

Income is recognised if it is probable an economic benefit will flow to the Scheme and the income can be readily measured.

Dividend and distribution income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Net gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss includes realised gains and losses on the disposal of financial assets and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets.

(e) Expenses

Expenses are recognised on an accrual basis.

(f) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Scheme classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities as:

(1) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Scheme includes in this category investments in collective investment schemes. Such financial assets are included in this category because they are not held within a business model whose objective is to either collect the contractual cash flow, or collect contractual cash flows and sell the financial assets (i.e. they are mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss). The Scheme does not designate any financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

(2) Financial assets at amortised cost

The Scheme includes in this category cash and cash equivalents, and receivables. These assets are classified as financial assets at amortised cost because the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding and they are managed to collect the contractual cash flows.

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(3) Financial liabilities at amortised cost

The Scheme includes in this category payables which may include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Scheme which are unpaid as at the balance date. All financial liabilities are included in this category.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Scheme recognises financial assets and liabilities on the date they become party to the contractual agreement (trade date).

Financial assets are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired or the Scheme has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

(1) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value. After initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are revalued to fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the profit or loss.

(2) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets measured at amortised cost are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently amortised using the effective interest rate method, less expected credit losses (if any). Receivables have no significant financing component and a maturity of less than 12 months. The Scheme does not track changes in credit risk. The Scheme follows an approach similar to the simplified approach to expected credit losses (ECL) and recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at balance date due to the short term nature of these financial assets.

(3) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term liquid financial assets with an original date of maturity up to 90 days, and bank overdrafts.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these financial assets represent the Scheme's main income generating activity.

(h) Income tax and other taxes

(i) Portfolio Investment Entity (PIE) Tax

The Scheme qualifies as and has elected to be a PIE for tax purposes.

Under the PIE regime, detailed in the Income Tax Act 2007, income is effectively taxed in the hands of the Member and therefore the Scheme has no income tax expense recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

The Manager attributes the taxable income of the Scheme to Members in accordance with the proportion of their interest in each Fund. The income attributed to each Member is taxed at the Member's prescribed investor rate (which is capped at 28%) and is recognised as a reduction or increase in the value of net assets available for benefits.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Income tax and other taxes (continued)

(ii) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The Scheme is not registered for GST. All components of the financial statements are stated as inclusive of GST where applicable.

(i) Contributions

Contributions are recognised when the Manager has confirmed the validity of a Member's application details and instructions. Each Member contributes to the Scheme in accordance with the KiwiSaver Act, the Trust Deed and at a rate determined by the Member.

(j) Withdrawals

Withdrawals are recognised when the Manager has confirmed that a Member meets the conditions required for withdrawal eligibility. Withdrawals are paid on or after a Member's qualifying date for retirement. Early withdrawals are permitted for a first home purchase, significant financial hardship, serious illness, permanent emigration, life shortening congenital conditions and death.

(k) Members' funds

Each unit issued confers an equal interest in that Fund of the Scheme to which the unit relates. A unit does not confer any rights or interests in the individual investments of the Fund or Scheme to the Member.

Members have various rights under the KiwiSaver Act. The rights, obligations and restrictions attached to each unit within a Fund are identical in all respects.

(I) Net assets available for benefits

Net assets available for benefits is the Scheme's present obligation to pay benefits to Members and is the difference between the carrying amount of the assets and the carrying amount of the liabilities.

(m) New accounting standards and interpretations

(i) Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

(ii) Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

No standards and interpretations have been issued with an effective date after the Scheme's balance date which would have a material impact on the financial statements of the Scheme.

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

3. FINANCIAL ASSETS

3. FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	2021	2020
	\$000's	\$000's
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
AMP Capital Australasian Shares Multi-manager Fund	7,502	3,537
AMP Capital Diversified Fund 1*	1,335,698	1,305,850
AMP Capital Diversified Fund 2*	432,869	384,896
AMP Capital Diversified Fund 3*	614,778	509,572
AMP Capital Diversified Fund 4*	796,384	667,675
AMP Capital Diversified Fund 5*	1,070,701	897,230
AMP Capital Diversified Fund 6*	865,685	660,902
AMP Capital Diversified Fund 7*	478,830	284,522
AMP Capital Global Fixed Interest Multi-manager Fund	1,164	1,201
AMP Capital Global Multi-Asset Fund	11,058	12,085
AMP Capital Hedged Global Index Shares Fund	3,266	1,672
AMP Capital Hedged Global Shares Multi-manager Fund	3,359	2,021
AMP Capital Income Generator Fund	5,121	4,101
AMP Capital NZ Cash Fund	98,721	117,985
AMP Capital NZ Fixed Interest Fund	4,005	4,096
AMP Capital Property Multi-manager Fund	6,841	4,890
AMP Capital Ethical Leaders Balanced Fund	20,055	11,511
AMP Capital Unhedged Global Shares Multi-manager Fund	2,357	1,385
ANZ Wholesale Balanced Growth Fund	312,160	249,037
ANZ Wholesale Conservative Fund	24,233	13,771
ANZ Wholesale Growth Fund	38,752	19,212
ASB Superannuation Master Trust - ASB Balanced Fund	34,606	22,703
ASB Superannuation Master Trust - ASB Growth Fund	30,428	18,377
ASB Superannuation Master Trust - ASB Moderate Fund	23,040	14,187
Mercer Balanced Portfolio	58,976	46,970
Nikko AM Wholesale Balanced Fund	97,652	70,961
Nikko AM Wholesale Conservative Fund	36,851	23,927
Nikko AM Wholesale Growth Fund	36,969	16,079
Wholesale Unit Trust MSCI Global Index Shares Fund	4,311	2,340
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6,456,372	5,372,695

^{*} Financial assets exceeding 5% of net assets available for benefits.

As at balance date, the AMP Default Fund had a 100% holding in the AMP Capital Diversified Fund 1 (2020: 100%). The AMP Capital Diversified Fund 1 is a unit trust domiciled in New Zealand. It is managed by AMP Capital Investors (New Zealand) Limited and its place of business is Level 1, Meridian Building, Queens Wharf, Wellington. The Scheme has no contractual arrangements with this fund to provide financial support and has not made, nor intends to make, any commitments to provide financial or other support.

	2021	2020
	\$000's	\$000's
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	51,419	42,510
Receivables	2,372	8,887
Total financial assets at amortised cost	53,791	51,397
Total financial assets	6,510,163	5,424,092

For the year ended 31 March 2021

3. FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

	2021	2020
	\$000's	\$000's
Analysis of receivables		
Fee rebates receivable from underlying fund managers	181	152
Distributions receivable from underlying fund managers	15	17
Contributions receivable	2,033	2,502
PIE tax receivable	143	6,216
Total receivables	2,372	8,887
4 FINANCIAL HADILITIES		
4. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	2024	2020
	2021	2020
	\$000's	\$000's
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		47.647
Payables	51,217	17,647
Total financial liabilities	<u>51,217</u>	17,647
Analysis of payables		
Payables to underlying fund managers	-	7,000
Payable to auditor	68	64
Management fees payable	2,466	1,986
Other expenses payable	1,009	854
Withdrawals payable	430	621
PIE tax payable	47,244	7,122
Total payables	51,217	17,647

The amounts payable to the auditor include both audit fees and fees for other services provided by the auditor. These expenses are shown in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits. Other services provided by the auditor are all related to provision of additional assurance and include agreed upon procedures, audit of special purpose financial statements, assurance in relation to Trust Deed compliance and audit of the Member register.

5. VESTED BENEFITS

Vested benefits are benefits payable to Members, under the conditions of the Scheme, on the basis of all Members ceasing to be Members of the Scheme at balance date. The vested benefits as at 31 March equalled the net assets available for benefits.

6. GUARANTEED BENEFITS

No guarantees have been made in respect of any part of the amounts available for benefits (2020: nil).

7. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Scheme's capital is represented by redeemable units with no par value and is reflected as net assets available for benefits in the Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits. In accordance with the accounting policies and the risk management policies in note 9, the Scheme endeavours to invest contributions received in appropriate investments whilst maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet any withdrawal requests. The terms and conditions attached to units in the Scheme can be found in note 2(k).

8. RECONCILIATION OF NET PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAX TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2021	2020
	\$000's	\$000's
Net profit/(loss) after tax	928,069	(112,679)
Reinvested dividend and distribution income	(1,126)	(1,439)
Net (gains)/losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(954,968)	88,206
Management fee offset	494	380
Sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	156,369	155,878
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(291,473)	(218,588)
Net change in operating payables	640	669
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(161,995)	(87,573)

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk management objectives, policies and processes

The Scheme may be exposed to credit risk, market risk (including unit price risk and interest rate risk), and liquidity and cash flow risk arising from the financial assets it holds.

The Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling the risks that arise from these financial assets. The Manager agrees policies for managing each of the risks identified below.

The Manager also monitors information about the total fair value of financial assets exposed to risk, as well as compliance with established benchmark asset allocations and ranges. These benchmark asset allocations and ranges reflect the investment strategy, objectives and policy, and market environment of the Scheme, as well as the level of risk that the Scheme is willing to accept. This information is prepared and reported to relevant parties within the Manager on a regular basis as deemed appropriate, including key management personnel, appropriate committees, and ultimately the Supervisor of the Scheme.

In order to avoid excessive concentration of risk (which would arise, for example, when a number of financial assets are entered into with the same counterparty), the Manager monitors the Scheme's exposure to ensure concentrations of risk remain within acceptable levels and reduces exposure to manage excessive risk concentrations when they arise.

(b) Credit risk

The Scheme's cash and cash equivalents are not past due or impaired. The Scheme's receivables are subject to the ECL model under NZ IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'. No ECL allowance has been recorded. The carrying amount of these assets best represents their maximum credit risk exposure at balance date.

Cash and cash equivalents are held with banks registered in New Zealand.

(c) Market risk

Two components of market risk have been identified for the Scheme: unit price risk and interest rate risk.

These risks are managed by ensuring that all investment activities are transacted in accordance with established benchmark asset allocations and ranges.

The Scheme invests primarily in units in collective investment schemes (underlying funds), either single-sector or diversified portfolios of domestic or international securities. This reduces the impact of a particular security underperforming.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(c) Market risk (continued)

(i) Unit price risk

The table below shows the impact on the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits and Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits due to a reasonably possible change in the unit price, with all other variables held constant.

Increase/(decrease) on net profit/(loss) before tax and Increase/(decrease) on net assets available for benefits

	2021 \$000's	2020 \$000's
Change in unit price:		
+10%	645,637	537,270
-10%	(645,637)	(537,270)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Scheme's exposure to interest rate risk primarily arises from changes in interest rates applicable to cash and cash equivalents.

The Manager actively monitors interest rate risk exposure and takes actions as necessary. This includes regular review of interest rates applicable to cash balances. The Scheme has no significant direct investments subject to interest rate risk. The Scheme's exposure to interest rate risk is not deemed significant.

(d) Liquidity and cash flow risk

Due to the nature of a KiwiSaver scheme, it is unlikely that a significant number of Members would withdraw at the same time. However, to control liquidity risk, the Scheme invests in financial assets, which under normal market conditions are readily convertible to cash. In addition, the Scheme invests within established investment ranges to ensure there is no concentration of risk.

The PIE tax payable is due to be settled within one month of balance date. Other payables have no contractual maturities but are typically settled within 30 days. Receivables outstanding at balance date are generally due to be settled within 90 days of balance date.

(e) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The fair value of units held in underlying funds is determined by reference to published exit prices, being the redemption price established by the underlying fund manager.

NZ IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' require fair value measurements to be disclosed by the source of inputs, using a three level hierarchy. The fair value of the Scheme's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are classified as being Level 2, as they are measured using inputs that are directly observable at balance date (2020: Level 2).

10. RELATED PARTIES

Under the terms of the Trust Deed, the Manager is entitled to charge fees in relation to the administration and management of the Scheme.

Fees charged by the Manager during the year are shown in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits. Fees payable to the Manager are shown in note 4. Outstanding balances at year end are unsecured, interest free and settlement occurs in cash.

Under the terms of the Trust Deed, the Manager and Supervisor may recover costs and expenses such as audit costs, printing and postage, legal fees and system costs charged by third parties. These expenses are reflected in audit fees, other services provided by the auditor and other expenses in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

10. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

The Manager pays the Supervisor fees and underlying fund managers' fees on behalf of the Scheme. In addition, the Manager paid, on behalf of the Scheme, audit fees of \$8,000 (2020: \$9,000) and other assurance services provided by the auditor of \$9,000 (2020: \$11,000).

The Supervisor is entitled under the Trust Deed to be paid an annual fee, calculated daily and payable quarterly in arrears, as the Supervisor and Manager may agree from time to time. Supervisor fees for the year ended 31 March 2021 amounted to \$738,000 (2020: \$692,000).

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. No related party debts have been written off or forgiven during the year (2020: nil).

11. CONTINGENT ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at balance date (2020: nil).

12. CHANGES TO THE TRUST DEED

There were no changes to the Trust Deed during the year ended 31 March 2021.

13. EVENTS AFTER BALANCE DATE

Subsequent to balance date the Manager was advised the Scheme will cease to be a default KiwiSaver scheme from 1 December 2021. Balances for default members who have not chosen their own funds (which were approximately \$900m at 31 March 2021) will be reallocated to Schemes who have been selected to be default KiwiSaver providers.



Independent auditor's report to the Members of the AMP KiwiSaver Scheme Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the AMP KiwiSaver Scheme ("the Scheme") on pages 1 to 12 which comprise the statement of net assets available for benefits of the Scheme as at 31 March 2021, the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements on pages 1 to 12 present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Scheme as at 31 March 2021 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

This report is made solely to the Scheme's Members, as a body. Our audit has been undertaken so that we might state to the Scheme's Members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Scheme and the Scheme's Members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards)* (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Ernst & Young provides other assurance services and agreed upon procedures to the Scheme. Partners and employees of our firm may deal with the Scheme on normal terms within the ordinary course of the business of the Scheme. We have no other relationship with, or interest in, the Scheme.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Scheme as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, but we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of the audit report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.



Investments

Why significant

- ► The Scheme's investments portfolio represents approximately 99% of the Scheme's total assets.
- As detailed in the Scheme's accounting policies, as described in Note 2 to the financial statements, these financial assets are recognised at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with NZ IFRS 9: Financial Instruments
- Volatility and other market drivers can have a significant impact on the value of these financial assets and the financial statements therefore the investment portfolio is considered a key area of audit focus.
- Disclosures regarding the Scheme's investments at 31 March 2021 are included in Note 3 to the financial statements.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit procedures included:

- ► Gaining an understanding of the processes used to record investment transactions and the daily revaluation of the investment portfolio.
- Obtaining and considering the Independent Assurance Reports on Controls for the managers of the funds in which the Scheme invests. We rely on the confirmations provided by these fund managers to support the existence and valuation of investments at balance date. We have considered the implications of any control deficiencies for our audit.
- Receiving third party confirmations directly, for each underlying fund, of the number of units issued to the Scheme and their respective exit price at balance date and agreeing the recorded holdings to those confirmations.
- ► Recalculating the valuation of the Scheme's investment portfolio at balance date. To validate the fair value in accordance with NZ IFRS 9, we agreed the pricing used for valuation purposes to the exit prices from third party confirmations.
- ► Agreeing a sample of investment applications and redemptions to investment confirmations from underlying fund managers and recalculating the resultant gains or losses.
- Assessing whether the disclosures in the financial statements appropriately reflected the Scheme's exposure to financial instrument risk with reference to NZ IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures.

Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report

The Manager is responsible for the Annual Report, which includes information other than the financial statements and auditor's report which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the Manager and, if uncorrected, to take appropriate action to bring the matter to the attention of the Members for whom our auditor's report was prepared.

Manager's responsibilities for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible, on behalf of the Scheme, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for assessing on behalf of the Scheme the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Scheme or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of Members taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the External Reporting Board's website: https://www.xrb.govt.nz/standards-for-assurance-practitioners/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-2/. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Stuart Mutch.

Chartered Accountants

Ernst + Young

Wellington 16 June 2021