JUNO KiwiSaver Scheme Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

## Manager's Statement

In the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying Financial Statements are drawn up so as to present fairly the financial position of the JUNO KiwiSaver Scheme as at 31 March 2021 and the results for the year ended on that date in accordance with the requirements of the JUNO KiwiSaver Scheme Governing Document dated 5 July 2018.

The Directors are of the opinion that the JUNO KiwiSaver Scheme will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

Director

Pie Funds Management Limited

Date

7 July 2021

# Statements of Changes in Net Assets

Income	\$		servative Fund		Balanced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total
Part   1978	For the year ended 51 march	Note 2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Profession of the control of the c		167 847	62 358	199 325	175 211	103 277	352 562	470 449	500 131
Post paramiters of minarcial instruments at amorises of till paramiters of minarcial instruments of minarcial instruments of minarcial instruments of the paramiters of minarcial instruments of the paramiters of minarcial instruments of the paramiters of th		107,047	-	100,020	-	the same of the sa		,	
Total income	Foreign exchange gains/(losses) on financial instruments at amortised cost	-	-	8,620	-				360,835
1,723,738   3,8,658   7,877,258   107,458   63,847,568   2,056,165   64,419,703   2,318,056   2,228,000   2,					(67,773)	63,940,550			750,734
Pacific		-							
Part		1,723,738	30,636	7,677,286	107,438	63,647,958	2,056,165	64,419,703	2,318,668
1			(70)	(156)	(832)		(1.378)	(156)	(2.280)
Profit properties   Profit		-	, ,		, ,	1 048 269	,	, ,	
Nember   1,723,738   30,836   7,674,910   107,648   62,591,198   1,539,318   63,380,585   1,902,031	Other expenses		70	-					1,427
Contributions	Total expenses			2,376	(210)	1,056,762	416,847	1,059,138	416,637
Manual Contributions	Net profit/(loss) before membership activities	1,723,738	30,636	7,674,910	107,648	62,591,196	1,639,318	63,360,565	1,902,031
Employee contributions   12,1541   33.63   33.0547   96.714   14,4583   487.127   1997.871   597.480   70.700	Contributions								
Crown contributions	Member contributions	1,114,332	443,883	2,053,411	944,028	12,004,871	3,942,156	15,172,614	5,330,067
Transfers from other Funds in the Scheme Transfers from other KindSaver schemes Transfers from other sugeramulation scheme from Australian superamulation schemes Transfers from there sugeramulation scheme from Australian superamulation schemes Transfers from the Scheme Transfers from the Scheme Transfers from the Scheme Transfers to other Funds in the Scheme Transfers to other KindSaver schemes Transfers to other Funds in the Scheme Transfers to o		674,731	220,898	1,109,088	489,407	6,690,209	2,148,864	8,474,028	2,859,169
Transfers from other KinkSaver schemes								1,997,671	597,480
Transfers from other superannuation schemes 1 1,85,564 34,947 340,474 2,006,685 752,761 2,347,133 752,781 1,75,750 1,75,847 1,75,								•	-
Transfers or members' accumulations into scheme from Australian superannuation scheme   763,766   63,496   3,039,266   63,496   3,039,266   4,804,341   18,089,147   13,15,694   15,359,505   3,753,761   447   805   83,093,266   1,696   4,282   10,006   5,564   12,696   12		7,167,939	6,509,277		12,063,427				
Part		•	-		-			contract the second contract to	
Mithdrawals   Managermanagement and administration fees   Sample		763 786	63.498		4 804 341				
Withdrawals         17,862,062         4,552,474         13,369,261         5,769,201         9,636,689         10,368,758         - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Transfers to other Funds in the Scheme 17,862,062 4,552,474 13,369,261 5,769,201 9,636,689 10,368,758 2.797,301 719,947 718,214 921,797 281,075 7,114,638 17,98,012 8,336,382 2,797,301 10,94,947 718,214 921,797 281,075 7,114,638 17,98,012 8,336,382 2,797,301 10,940,940 11,940		22,628,294	17,422,894	34,811,932	23,122,546	217,845,372	72,165,696	227,884,889	77,090,703
Transfers to other KiwiSaver schemes 799,947 718,214 921,797 281,075 7,114,688 1,798,012 8,836,382 2,797,301 Member attributed taxation Member attributed taxation Managermanagement and administration fees 9 73,068 14,817 145,792 31,963 885,758 147,277 1,104,608 194,050 Withdrawals or transfers on permanent emigration Withdrawals or transfers on permanent emigration Invalid errolment withdrawals 583 - 3,631 - 521 - 4,735 - 422,055 Serious iliness withdrawals 583 - 3,631 - 521 - 4,735 - 422,055 Serious iliness withdrawals 584 11,207 110,00 196,522 204,168 115,343 545,770 422,055 Serious iliness withdrawals 51,878 2- 110,220 112,700 196,522 204,168 179,233 5,880,003 1,427,667 First home purchase withdrawals 51,878 396,579 699,405 251,855 2,654,045 779,233 5,880,003 1,427,667 Significant financial hardship withdrawals 69,402 18,532 105,056 8,112 212,365 179,243 385,823 129,093 Paid under other enactments  21,802,127 5,837,427 15,481,671 6,623,769 22,346,894 14,033,887 18,762,680 5,804,650  Net membership activities  826,166 11,585,467 19,330,261 16,498,777 195,498,478 58,131,809 209,122,209 71,286,053  Members' accounts at the start of the year  13,056,495 11,440,392 21,875,277 5,268,852 89,821,556 30,050,429 107,105,716 33,918,632  Movements in members' accounts for the year  71,000 11,	Withdrawals								
Member attributed taxation         52,921         26,591         124,029         85,041         1,355,123         611,495         1,532,073         723,127           Manager management and administration fees         9         73,058         14,817         145,792         31,963         885,758         147,270         1,046,08         194,050           Withdrawals or transfers on permanent emigration         136,821         -         -         -         -         521         -         4,735         -           Invalid errolment withdrawals         583         -         3,631         -         521         -         4,735         -           Member eligible withdrawals         228,902         110,220         112,700         196,522         204,168         115,343         545,770         422,085           Serious illness withdrawals         25,802         51,878         -         -         -         207,145         -         -         259,023         1,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667         31,427,667		17,862,062	4,552,474	13,369,261	5,769,201	9,636,689	10,368,758		1-1
Manager management and administration fees 9 73,058 14,817 145,792 31,963 885,758 147,270 1,104,608 194,050 Withdrawals or transfers on permanent emigration 136,821 58,579 82,203 195,400 82,203 104,050 104,		799,947	718,214	921,797	281,075	7,114,638	1,798,012	8,836,382	2,797,301
Withdrawals or transfers on permanent emigration in vibid rawals         136,821         -         -         -         -         585,79         82,203         195,400         82,203           Invalid errolment withdrawals         583         -         3,631         -         521         -         4,735         -           Member eligible withdrawals         228,902         110,202         112,700         196,522         204,168         115,343         545,770         42,085           Serious liness withdrawals         51,878         -         -         -         207,145         -         259,023         -           First home purchase withdrawals         51,878         -         -         -         264,045         779,233         5,880,003         1,427,667           Significant financial hardship withdrawals         69,402         18,532         105,056         8,112         212,365         102,449         388,823         129,093           Paid under other enactments         21,802,127         5,837,427         15,481,671         6,623,769         22,346,894         14,033,887         18,762,680         5,804,650           Net membership activities         826,166         11,585,467         19,330,261         16,498,777         195,498,478         58,13			V/1810-4-710-713 IS						
Nalid errolment withdrawals   25,83   - 3,631   - 521   - 4,735   - 4,735   - 5,705				145,792	31,963				
Member eligible withdrawals         228,902 bit short withdrawals         110,200 bit short withdrawals         112,700 bit short withdrawals         196,522 bit short withdrawals         204,168 bit short withdrawals         115,343 bit short withdrawals         545,770 bit short withdrawals         422,085 bit short withdrawals         259,023 bit short withdrawals         212,365 bit short withdrawals         212,			-		-		82,203		82,203
Serious illness withdrawals         51,878         51,879,903         51,878,879         51,878,879         51,878,879         51,879,903         51,878,879         51,879,879         51,888,811         51,285,823         51,299,903         51,278,903         51,278,879         51,881,811         51,285,823         51,299,903         51,278,803         51,288,823         51,299,903         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288,851         51,288			110 220		106 522		445.242		422.005
First home purchase withdrawals         2,56,553         396,579         699,405         251,855         2,684,045         779,233         5,880,003         1,427,667         Significant financial hardship withdrawals         69,402         18,532         105,056         8,112         21,2365         102,449         388,823         129,093           Paid under other enactments         21,802,127         5,837,427         15,481,671         6,623,769         22,346,894         14,033,887         18,762,680         5,804,650           Net membership activities         826,166         11,585,467         19,330,261         16,498,777         195,498,478         58,131,809         209,122,209         71,286,053           Members' accounts at the start of the year         13,056,495         1,440,392         21,875,277         5,268,852         89,821,556         30,050,429         107,105,716         33,918,632           Movements in members' accounts for the year         2,549,904         11,616,103         27,005,171         16,606,425         258,089,674         59,771,127         272,482,774         73,188,084			110,220	112,700	190,522		115,343		422,065
Significant financial hardship withdrawals Paid under other enactments         69,402         16,532         105,056         8,112         212,365         102,449         386,823         129,093           Paid under other enactments         21,802,127         5,837,427         15,481,671         6,623,769         22,346,894         14,033,887         18,762,680         5,804,650           Net membership activities         826,166         11,585,467         19,330,261         16,498,777         195,498,478         58,131,809         209,122,209         71,286,053           Members' accounts at the start of the year         13,056,495         1,440,392         21,875,277         5,268,852         89,821,556         30,050,429         107,105,716         33,918,632           Movements in members' accounts for the year         2,549,904         11,66,103         27,005,171         16,606,425         258,089,674         59,771,127         272,482,774         73,188,084			396.579	699.405	251 855	and the same of the same of	779 233		1 427 667
Paid under other enactments         21,802,127         5,837,427         15,481,671         6,623,769         22,346,894         14,033,887         18,762,680         5,804,650           Net membership activities         826,166         11,585,467         19,330,261         16,498,777         195,498,478         58,131,809         209,122,209         71,286,053           Members' accounts at the start of the year         13,056,495         1,440,392         21,875,277         5,268,852         89,821,556         30,050,429         107,105,716         33,918,632           Movements in members' accounts for the year         2,549,904         11,616,103         27,005,171         16,606,425         258,089,674         59,771,127         272,482,774         73,188,084				the second secon					
Net membership activities         826,166         11,585,467         19,330,261         16,498,777         195,498,478         58,131,809         209,122,209         71,286,053           Members' accounts at the start of the year         13,056,495         1,440,392         21,875,277         5,268,852         89,821,556         30,050,429         107,105,716         33,918,632           Movements in members' accounts for the year         2,549,904         11,616,103         27,005,171         16,606,425         258,089,674         59,771,127         272,482,774         73,188,084	Paid under other enactments								
Members' accounts at the start of the year         13,056,495         1,440,392         21,875,277         5,268,852         89,821,556         30,050,429         107,105,716         33,918,632           Movements in members' accounts for the year         2,549,904         11,616,103         27,005,171         16,606,425         258,089,674         59,771,127         272,482,774         73,188,084		21,802,127	5,837,427	15,481,671	6,623,769	22,346,894	14,033,887	18,762,680	5,804,650
Movements in members' accounts for the year 2,549,904 11,616,103 27,005,171 16,606,425 258,089,674 59,771,127 272,482,774 73,188,084	Net membership activities	826,166	11,585,467	19,330,261	16,498,777	195,498,478	58,131,809	209,122,209	71,286,053
	Members' accounts at the start of the year	13,056,495	1,440,392	21,875,277	5,268,852	89,821,556	30,050,429	107,106,716	33,918,632
Members' accounts at the end of the year         15,606,399         13,056,495         48,880,448         21,875,277         347,911,230         89,821,556         379,583,490         107,106,716	Movements in members' accounts for the year	2,549,904	11,616,103	27,005,171	16,606,425	258,089,674	59,771,127	272,482,774	73,188,084
	Members' accounts at the end of the year	15,606,399	13,056,495	48,880,448	21,875,277	347,911,230	89,821,556	379,589,490	107,106,716

The Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

## Statements of Net Assets

\$ As at 31 March	Note	Cons 2021	ervative Fund 2020	2021	Balanced Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund	2021	Scheme Total
Members' Funds	5.2	15,606,399	13,056,495	48,880,448	21,875,277	347,911,230	89,821,556	379,589,490	107,106,716
Represented by:	£-								
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents		1,256,434	491,910	6,630,846	766,445	59,726,504	26,194,280	67,613,784	27,452,635
Trade and other receivables	10	198,907	143,302	521,907	57,240	6,357,257	4,478,671	7,078,071	4,679,213
Term deposits		2,500,000	8,150,000	4,000,000	7,700,000	-	2,800,000	6,500,000	18,650,000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss  Member attributed taxation	6.1	12,137,357 3,186	4,687,633 103	37,851,762 9,940	13,535,692 70	289,508,641 115,853	59,268,211 524	306,689,173 128,979	59,844,924 697
Wellber attributed taxation	-	3,100	103	3,340	70	113,000	324	120,070	
Total assets	_	16,095,884	13,472,948	49,014,455	22,059,447	355,708,255	92,741,686	388,010,007	110,627,469
Current liabilities									
Trade and other payables	11	459,151	396,935	19,881	110,772	3,923,986	1,341,744	4,403,018	1,849,451
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6.2		-	-	-	2,559,997	1,046,992	2,559,997	1,046,992
Member attributed taxation	_	30,334	19,518	114,126	73,398	1,313,042	531,394	1,457,502	624,310
Total current liabilities	_	489,485	416,453	134,007	184,170	7,797,025	2,920,130	8,420,517	3,520,753
Net assets available for benefits	_	15,606,399	13,056,495	48,880,448	21,875,277	347,911,230	89,821,556	379,589,490	107,106,716

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager, Pie Funds Management Limited.

Director

Director

The Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

Date 27/07/2021

## Statements of Cash Flows

\$ For the year ended 31 March	Note	Cons 2021	ervative Fund 2020	2021	Balanced Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund 2020	2021	Scheme Total 2020
Cash flows from operating activities									
Cash was provided from: Sale of investments Interest received Dividend and distribution income Other Income		2,512,665 173,900 - 33,150	150,027 37,876 - 208	5,059,521 227,690 - 37,151	- 144,680 - 783	177,607,060 132,751 1,141,407 (1)	100,019,204 326,065 524,006 3,696	185,179,246 534,341 1,141,407 70,300	100,169,231 508,621 524,006 4,687
Cash was applied to: Purchase of investments Net decrease/(increase) in term deposits Payment to suppliers		(8,439,649) 5,650,000 -	(4,480,000) (7,430,000) (70)	(21,943,170) 3,700,000 (2,532)	(10,839,487) (5,500,000) (622)	(340,169,391) 2,800,000 (1,056,762)	(145,770,116) (300,000) (418,225)	(364,019,514) 12,150,000 (1,059,294)	(146,159,603) (13,230,000) (418,917)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	12	(69,934)	(11,721,959)	(12,921,340)	(16,194,646)	(159,544,936)	(45,615,370)	(166,003,514)	(58,601,975)
Cash flows from financing activities									
Contributions received Withdrawals paid		22,566,636 (21,732,178)	17,310,338 (5,423,924)	34,318,825 (15,541,704)	23,151,171 (6,453,221)	216,403,118 (21,492,061)	72,156,413 (13,566,873)	225,887,871 (17,897,931)	76,997,489 (4,753,585)
Net cash inflow from financing activities		834,458	11,886,414	18,777,121	16,697,950	194,911,057	58,589,540	207,989,940	72,243,904
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		764,524	164,455	5,855,781	503,304	35,366,121	12,974,170	41,986,426	13,641,929
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Effect of exchange rate fluctuations		491,910	327,455	766,445 9	263,141	26,194,280 (1,833,897)	12,859,275 360,835	27,452,635 (1,825,277)	13,449,871 360,835
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		1,256,434	491,910	6,630,846	766,445	59,726,504	26,194,280	67,613,784	27,452,635

The Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

#### 1. General information

#### Reporting entity

The reporting entity is the JUNO KiwiSaver Scheme ("the Scheme"). The Scheme is made up of three funds ("the Funds"):

- JUNO KiwiSaver Conservative Fund ("Conservative Fund")
- JUNO KiwiSaver Balanced Fund ("Balanced Fund")
- JUNO KiwiSaver Growth Fund ("Growth Fund")

The Manager of the Scheme is Pie Funds Management Limited ("the Manager") and the Supervisor of the Scheme is Trustees Executors Limited ("the Supervisor"). The Scheme is registered and domiciled in New Zealand. The registered office of the Scheme is Level One, 1 Eyron Avenue, Takapuna, Auckland, New Zealand.

The Scheme is a defined contribution scheme under the KiwiSaver Act 2006, which means that members contribute to the Scheme over time and benefits payable depend on the amount of contributions made and any returns on contributions received. The Scheme is registered as a Managed Investment Scheme in accordance with the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.

The Scheme has been launched with the issuance of the Scheme's Governing Document on 5 July 2018 and commenced operations on 27 August 2018.

The Financial Statements for the Scheme and the Funds are for the year ended 31 March 2021. Comparative information has been provided for the year ended 31 March 2020.

The principal activities of the Funds are described below:

- The Conservative Fund seeks to preserve Members' capital, with modest capital growth over a three-to-five-year period. The Fund invests primarily in fixed interest and cash and cash equivalents, with a modest allocation to equities, directly and/or through the JUNO Balanced Fund. (Refer Note 9.3)

The Manager chooses individual assets (such as term deposits, equities and bonds) or uses ETFs or derivatives to get a broad selection of the desired and permitted assets, as efficiently as possible.

- The Balanced Fund seeks to provide investors with steady capital growth over a five-to-10 year period. The Func invests in equities (directly and/or through the JUNO Growth Fund), with a reasonable allocation towards fixed interest. (Refer Note 9.3) The Manager chooses individual assets (e.g. term deposits, equities and bonds) or uses ETFs or derivatives to get a broad exposure to desired and permitted assets, as efficiently as possible.

- The Growth Fund seeks to maximise capital growth for members, over periods exceeding 10 years. The Fund invests primarily in international equities.

The Manager's active management style specialises in equities. The Manager chooses companies it believes will perform well over the investment period. The Manager can also invest in ETFs, derivatives and fixed interest. The Fund also invests in cash and cash equivalents to ensure the Growth Fund has enough liquidity to operate effectively.

#### Statutory base

The JUNO KiwiSaver Scheme is registered under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (FMC Act) as a KiwiSaver Scheme. The Scheme is a trust vehicle governed by a Governing Document dated 5 July 2018.

#### 2. Summary of accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand ("NZ GAAP"). The financial statements comply with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards, as appropriate for for-profit entities. The financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The methods used to measure fair values are discussed in Note 2.3(c). The accrual basis of accounting has been applied, as has the going concern assumption.

The results, positions and cash flows reported for the Scheme are prepared on a consolidated basis, with the elimination of interfund transactions and balances between funds.

There are no standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 April 2020 that have a material effect on the financial statements of the Scheme.

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the Financial Statements

#### 2.2 Investment entity

The Scheme meets the definition of investment entities per NZ IFRS 10 'Consolidated financial statements' as the following conditions exist:

- (a) The Scheme has obtained funds for the purpose of providing investors with investment management services.
- (b) The Scheme's business purpose, which is communicated directly to investors, is investing solely for returns from capital appreciation and investment income.
- (c) The performance of investments made through other funds managed by the Manager, is measured and evaluated on a fair value basis.



### 2. Summary of accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2 Investment entity (continued)

The Scheme also displays all four typical characteristics that are associated with an investment entity:

- 1. it has more than one investment;
- 2 has more than one investor
- 3. investors that are not related parties; and
- 4. ownership interest in the Scheme is represented by respective units held in the Funds.

#### 2.3 Financial instruments

#### (a) Classification

#### Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised initially at fair value. After initial recognition, financial assets are measured at fair value or amortised cost, determined on the basis of both (a) the Scheme's business model for managing the financial assets; and (b) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

#### (i) Financial assets at fair value through the profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through the profit or loss can be either designated as such upon initial recognition or measured at fair value in accordance with NZ IFRS 9. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Scheme is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets performance and to make decisions. The contractual cash flows of the Scheme's debt securities are solely principal and interest, however, the debt securities, other than term deposits, are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental in achieving the Funds' business model. As a result these debt securities are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise of equities, ETFs, funds/unit trusts, fixed interest securities and forward foreign exchange contracts.

#### (ii) Financial assets at amortised cost

- (a) Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, deposits and overdrawn balances with brokers in New Zealand dollars and foreign currencies. Payments and receip/s relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represents the Scheme's main income generating activity.
- (b) Unsettled investment sales included in trade and other receivables, are receivables for securilies sold but not yet settled on the statement of net assets at balance date. The unsettled trade receivable balance is held for collection.
- (c) Receivables, other than unsettled investment sales, includes margin accounts and interest receivable, dividend receivable, distribution receivable and contribution receivable.
- (d) **Term deposits** are debt instruments where the business model is held for collection only; the contractual terms only give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Further the 'hold to collect' model will be applied for these financial assets due to the following: collection of contractual cash flows is not incidental, there's no intention to sell these assets and they are used to effectively manage cash reserves. On this basis, the fair value option will not be applied and are classified as financial assets at at mortifised cost.

#### Financial liabilities

### (i) Financial liabilities at fair value through the profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through the profit or loss can be either designated as such upon initial recognition or measured at fair value in accordance with NZ IFRS 9. The portfolio of financial liabilities is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. All financial liabilities are mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss, Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as liabilities at fair value through profit or loss,

### (ii) Financial liabilities at amortised cost

- (a) Payables, other than unsettled investment purchases are amounts representing liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Funds at balance date. These amounts include related party fees payable, distributions payable, redemptions payable and withdrawals payable
- (b) Unsettled investment purchases included in trade and other payables, are payables for securities purchased but not yet settled on the statement of net assets at balance date,

### (b) Recognition, derecognition and measurement

### (i) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through the profit or loss

The Scheme recognises financial assets and liabilities at fair value through the profit or loss on the date they become parties to the contractual agreement. Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed as nourred in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets. Financial asset are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired to the Funds have transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership. This occurs upon maturity or disposal of the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Cancelled or expired to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through the profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value are recognised in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets when they arise. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the financial asset or financial liability at fair value through profit or loss is included in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets in the period the item is derecognised. Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the statements of Changes in Net Assets, Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Scheme commits to purchase or sell the investment.



### 2. Summary of accounting policies (continued)

#### (b) Recognition, derecognition and measurement (continued)

(ii) Financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost

The Scheme recognises financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost on the date is becomes party to the contractual agreement. Financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost are initially recognised at fair value. Financial assets at amortised cost are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Funds have transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership. This occurs upon maturity or disposal of the asset. Financial assets at amortised cost are measured at maturity or disposal of the asset. Financial liabilities at amortised cost are measured at maturity or disposal of the asset. Financial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost are measured at maturity or disposal of the counterparty is disposal or expires. Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all criteria considered in determining the expected credit ross. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit mpaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Scheme shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit risk increase in credit risk in defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due or a counterparty credit rating which has fallen below BB3/Baa. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due or a counterparty credit rating which has fallen below BB3/Baa. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due or a counterparty cre

#### (c) Fair value estimation

'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Scheme had access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

#### Fair value in an active marke

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the balance date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. Financial assets and liabilities are priced at last traded price. Where the last sale price falls outside of the bid-ask spread for a particular stock, bid price will be used to value the investment.

#### Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Funds use a variety of methods and make assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Valuation techniques used include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

Fair value classifications of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities are detailed in Note 5.3.

### Fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts

Forward foreign exchange contracts are primarily used by the Scheme to economically hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-New Zealand dollar denominated trading securities. The Scheme agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed price on an agreed future date. The far value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using valuation techniques based on spot exchange rates and forward points supplied by WM/Reuters. The Scheme recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the balance date.

#### 2.4 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statements of Net Assets when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.5 Revenue recognition

- (a) Dividend and distribution income are recognised in the Stalements of Changes in Net Assets when the Scheme's right to receive payment is established.
- (b) Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost are included under Income in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets and are recognised as interest accrues on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest rate method. Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost comprises of interest earned on bank accounts, margin accounts and term deposits held at the bank.
- (c) Gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets as disclosed in Note 2.3.
- (d) Foreign exchange gains and losses on cash and financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets as disclosed in note 2.10.
- (e) Dividend and interest income are disclosed net of any resident withholding taxes deducted at source, as these tax credits are allocated to members under the PIE ("Portfolio Investment Entity") regime.

#### 2.6 Expenses

The Manager pays audii, supervisory, custody and administration expenses charged to the Funds. Administration and registry fees are charged monthly per member via a unit deduction payment when they arise. Refer to Note 9.1 for further details. Any ad hoc expenses directly attribulable to the Funds such as bark fees and transaction costs are recognised on the accrual basis.



### 2. Summary of accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.7 Taxation

The Funds are Portfolio Investment Entities ("PIEs"). Under the PIE regime income is effectively taxed in the hands of the members and therefore the Funds have no tax expense. Accordingly, no income tax expense is recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Under the PIE regime, the Manager attributes the taxable income of the Funds to members in accordance with the proportion of their overall interest in the Funds. The income attributed to each member is taxed at the member's "Prescribed Investor Rate" which is capped at 28%. The Manager accounts for tax on behalf of members and undertakes any necessary adjustments to the members' interests in the Funds to reflect that the Scheme pays tax at varying rates on behalf of members.

Members' funds have been adjusted to reflect the impact of tax on the value of unit holdings,

The tax attributable to members is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at reporting date. Positions taken in attributing taxable income to members, with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation, are evaluated by the Manager as required.

#### 2.8 Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The Scheme is not registered for GST. All items in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets and the Statements of Net Assets are stated inclusive of GST.

#### 2.9 Statements of Cash Flows

Definitions of the terms used in the Statements of Cash Flows are:

- (a) Operating activities include all transactions and other events that are not financing activities; and
- (b) Financing activities are those activities that result in changes in the size and composition of members' funds.
- (c) Cash is considered to be cash on hand and current accounts in banks, net of bank overdraft

#### 2.10 Foreign currencies

(a) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars (\$), which is the Scheme's functional currency, on the basis that the Scheme's investors are mainly based in New Zealand, with the contributions and withdrawals denominated in New Zealand dollars.

(b) Transactions and balance

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recognised at the exchange rates on the date of the transactions. Assets and liabilities as at balance date denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign currency exchange rates on that date.

Realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses during the financial year are recognised in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets.

#### 2.11 Net assets available for benefits

The net assets available for benefits represents the liability for promised retirement benefits and are measured at amortised cost. The Funds issue urits that are redeemable at the Members' option and do not have identical features and are therefore classified as financial liabilities. Units are redeemed for the purpose of permitted withdrawals (such as reaching the retirement age of 65 or enduring significant hardship), transferred to another Fund within the Scheme or a separate KiwiSaver Scheme and which are equal to a proportionate share of the respective Fund's net asset value which is the redemption price. The fair value of redeemable units is measured at the redemption amount that is payable at the year end date if Members exercise their right to redeem units back to the Funds.

As stipulated in the Trust Deed, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the respective Fund and does not extend to a right in the underlying assets of the respective Fund nor other funds within the Scheme. The Trust Deed also stipulates that assets held for a Fund of the Scheme shall not be made available to meet the liabilities incurred in relation to any other Fund of the Scheme. The Funds' net asset value is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to all holders of units in the Fund by the total number of units on issue of each Fund.

#### 2.12 Related parties

A party is related to the Scheme if:

- (a) directly or indirectly through one or more of its intermediaries, it controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Scheme; or
- (b) it is a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of a party; or
- (c) it has an interest in or relationship with the Scheme that gives it significant influence over the Scheme; or
- (d) the Scheme has an interest in or relationship with the party that gives it significant influence over the party; or
- (e) they are a member of the Manager's key management personnel.



### 3. Accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with NZ IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Manager to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Scheme's accounting policies. The Manager has applied its judgement in selecting the accounting policy to designate financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition. This policy has a significant impact on the amounts disclosed in the financial statements. It is possible to determine the fair value of all financial assets as quoted market prices are readily available and in the case of derivatives observable market inputs are readily available. Therefore there are no material assumptions or major sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities at balance date. However as with all investments, their value is subject to variation due to market fluctuations.

The Marager has used judgement in the categorisation of its financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with the fair value hierarchy under NZ IFRS 13. 'The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value in its entirety. The significance of an impact is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability (refer to Note 5.3 for further details).



### 4. Derivatives

### 4.1 Forward foreign currency contracts

Forward foreign currency contracts are contracts are contract and obligations to buy or sell one currency on a future date in exchange for a second currency at a specified forward foreign exchange rate which is established in an organised market. The forward foreign exchange contracts are agreed between the parties to the contract and are not traded on an exchange. The Schemes open positions in forward foreign exchange contracts at balance date are outlined below.

As at 31 March		ative Fund		nced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Tota
45 at 31 march	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	202
orward exchange contracts (notional value in NZD)								
Sell AUD/Buy NZD		-		-	18,203,299	1,948,862	18,203,299	1,948,86
Sell CAD/Buy NZD	-	-		-	1,307,771	-	1,307,771	-
ell CHF/Buy NZD	-	-		-	1,502,616	274,461	1,502,616	274,46
ell EUR/Buy NZD	•	-		-	30,020,717	6,219,936	30,020,717	6,219,93
ell HKD/Buy NZD	-	-		-	5,637,275	323,726	5,637,275	323,72
ell JPY/Buy NZD	-	-		-	6,589,357	812,316	6,589,357	812,31
ell NZD/Buy SGD	-	-	-	-		(13,258)		(13,25
ell NOK/Buy NZD	-	-	-	-	5,629,109	-	5,629,109	-
ell SEK/Buy NZD	-	-		~	5,875,689	236,838	5,875,689	236,83
ell USD/Buy NZD	•	-	-	-	82,687,728	12,302,653	82,687,728	12,302,65
	Conserva	ative Fund	Balan	ced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Tota
s at 31 March	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	202
orward exchange contracts (fair value in NZD)								
ell AUD/Buy NZD		-		-	(92,923)	(29,279)	(92,923)	(29,279
ell CAD/Buy NZD	-	-		-	(23,581)	-	(23,581)	(==,=,
ell CHF/Buy NZD	-	-		-	(16,350)	(30, 125)	(16,350)	(30,12
II EUR/Buy NZD	-	-		-	(206,531)	(142,999)	(206,531)	(142,99
HKD/Buy NZD	-	-	-	-	(143,136)	(38,245)	(143,136)	(38,24
all JPY/Buy NZD	-	-	-	-	(78,844)	(104,807)	(78,844)	(104,80
II NZD/Buy SGD						(19,328)		(19,32
II NOK/Buy NZD		-	•	-	(72,660)	-	(72,660)	` -
III SEK/Buy NZD	-	-		-	5,745	(14,413)	5,745	(14,413
II USD/Buy NZD		-	-	-	(1,925,972)	(501,459)	(1,925,972)	(501,459
ir values in NZD	-	-			(2,554,252)	(880,655)	(2,554,252)	(880,655

### 4.2 Futures

Futures are contractual obligations to buy or sell instruments on a future date at a specified price established in an organised market. The fair value of the future is based on the amount that will be paid or received to settle the obligation on a net basis on the exchange. The Funcs' open positions in future contracts at the reporting date are outlined below:

\$ As at 31 March	Conserval	tive Fund 2020	Baland 2021	ed Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund	2021	Scheme Total
Futures (notional value in NZ\$) USD		-		-	-	(8,119,845)	-	(8,119,845)
Futures (fair value in NZ\$) USD	-	-		-		(166,377)	_	(166,377)



#### 5. Financial Risk Management

#### 5.1 Financial risk factors

The Governing Document for the Scheme requires the Manager to invest the assets of the Scheme in accordance with the Statement of Investment Policy and Objectives. The Scheme is subject to a number of financial risks which arise as a result of its activities, including: market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Scheme's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Scheme's financial performance.

#### 5.1.1 Market risk

#### (a) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of non-monetary financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to an issuer or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. Non-monetary financial instruments which potentially subject the Scheme to price risk are investments in listed equities and funds and unlisted unit trusts. All investments in urit trusts present a risk of loss of capital often due to factors beyond the Manager's control such as competition, regulatory changes, commodify price changes and changes in general economic climate domestically and internationally. The Manager of the underlying urit trusts advised that this risk is moderated through stock selection and diversification of unit trust investments, daily monitoring of the unit trusts' market position and adherence to the unit trusts' investment policy. The unitised investments have underlying securities comprising domestic, international equity instruments and fixed interest securities that are subject to price risk.

The maximum market risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by their fair value.

Where non-moretary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than NZD, the price initially expressed in foreign currency and then converted into NZD will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. In addition, where the Scheme holds unit trusts which in turn invest in securities denominated in foreign currencies, the value of the unit trust will be affected by fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. Paragraph (b) 'Foreign exchange risk' sets out how this component of price risk is managed and measured.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

A variable of 10% was selected for price risk as this is a reasonably expected movement based on historic trends in unit prices. If investments in financial instruments subject to price risk at that date increased or decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant, this would have had the following impact on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets:

	Cons	ervative Fund		Salanced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total
As at 31 March	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Equities, unit trusts and unlisted securities								
Carrying amount	6,063,692	4,687,633	26,744,895	13,535,692	289,502,896	59,268,211	289,502,896	59,844,924
Impact of a -10% change in prices Impact of a +10% change in prices	(606,369) 606,369	(468,763) 468,763	(2,674,490) 2,674,490	(1,353,569) 1,353,569	(28,950,290) 28,950,290	(5,926,821) 5,926,821	(28,950,290) 28,950,290	(5,984,492) 5,984,492

Members' Funds would be impacted by the same amount less the PIE tax adjustment that would be attributed to members.

### (b) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Scheme is exposed to currency risk primarily through holding foreign currency denominated cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and forward foreign exchange contracts. The Manager may hedge the exposure to currency fluctuations.

At the balance date the Scheme had the following foreign currency exposures due to holdings of monetary assets and liabilities (expressed in NZD equivalents)

	Conserva	tive Fund	Balan	ced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total
As at 31 March	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Monetary assets/(liabilities)								
Australian Dollar (AUD)	-	-	-	-	(17,808,609)	264,332	(17,808,609)	264,332
Canadian Dollar (CAD)	-	-		-	570,522	-	570,522	-
Norway Krone(NOK)		-		-	(3,056,327)	381,845	(3,056,327)	381,845
Euro (EUR)		-	*	-	(27,671,413)	(2,008,714)	(27,671,413)	(2,008,714)
United States Dollar (USD)	-	-		-	(84,089,453)	(1,985,034)	(84,089,453)	(1,985,034)
Hong Kong Doller (HKD)	-	-		-	(5,548,261)	(381,464)	(5,548,261)	(381,464)
Japanese Yen (JPY)	-	-		-	(9,966,749)	(726,858)	(9,966,749)	(726,858)
Great British Pound (GBP)	-	-		-	711,978	518,075	711,978	518,075
Singapore Dollar (SGD)	-	-		-		53,032	-	53,032
South Korean Won (KRW)	-			-	4,265,084	704,895	4,265,084	704,895
Sweden (SEK)	-	-		-	(2,444,257)	(250,367)	(2,444,257)	(250, 367)
Swiss Franc (CHF)	-	1-		-		541,990		541,990

### 5. Financial Risk Management (continued)

### 5.1.1 Market risk (continued)

### (b) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table below summarises the impact on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets on monetary assets and liabilities at balance date, had the exchange rates between the New Zealand dollar and the foreign currencies increased or decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant. The analysis is based on the Manager's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in exchange rates with regard to historical volatility.

	Conserva	tive Fund	Balan	ced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total
As at 31 March	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Monetary assets/(liabilities)								
Exchange rates increased by 10%								
Australian Dollar (AUD)	-	-		-	1,618,964	(24,030)	1,618,964	(24,030)
Canadian Dollar (CAD)		-		-	(51,866)		(51,866)	-
Norway Krona (NOK)		-		-	277,848	(34,713)	277,848	(34,713)
Euro (EUR)		-		-	2,515,583	182,610	2,515,583	182,610
United States Dollar (USD)				-	7,644,496	180,458	7,644,496	180,458
Hong Kong Dollar (HKD)	-	-		-	504,387	34,679	504,387	34,679
Japanese Yen (JPY)	-	-		-	906,068	66,078	906,068	66,078
Great British Pound (GBP)	-			-	(64,725)	(47,098)	(64,725)	(47,098)
Singapore Dollar (SGD)				-	-	(4,821)		(4,821)
South Korean Won (KRW)	-	-		-	(387,735)	(64,081)	(387,735)	(64,081)
Sweden (SEK)		-		-	222,205	22,761	222,205	22,761
Swiss Franc (CHF)		-		-		(49,272)		(49,272)
Exchange rates decreased by 10%								
Australian Dollar (AUD)		-		-	(1,978,734)	29,370	(1,978,734)	29,370
Canadian Dollar (CAD)		-		-	63.391		63,391	
Norway Krona (NOK)	-	-		-	(339,592)	42,427	(339,592)	42,427
Euro (EUR)	-	-		-	(3,074,601)	(223, 190)	(3,074,601)	(223, 190)
United States Dollar (USD)		-		-	(9,343,273)	(220,559)	(9,343,273)	(220,559)
Hong Kong Dollar (HKD)	-	-		-	(616,473)	(42,385)	(616,473)	(42,385)
Japanese Yen (JPY)	-			-	(1,107,417)	(80,762)	(1,107,417)	(80,762)
Great British Pound (GBP)		-		-	79,109	57,564	79,109	57,564
Singapore Dollar (SGD)		-		-	-	5,892		5,892
South Korean Won (KRW)	-	-		-	473,898	78,322	473,898	78,322
Sweden (SEK)	-	-		-	(271,584)	(27,819)	(271,584)	(27,819)
Swiss Franc (CHF)	-	-	-	-	-	60,221	-	60,221

At the balance date the Scheme had the following foreign currency exposures due to holdings of non monetary assets and liabilities (expressed in NZD equivalents):

	Conserva	tive Fund	Balai	nced Fund	Growth Fund		Scheme To	
As at 31 March	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Non-monetary assets/(liabilities)								
Australian Dollar (AUD)	-	-		-	23,380,753	9,136,869	23,380,753	9,136,869
Philippine Peso (PHP)	-	-	-	-	2,322,945	1,100,039	2,322,945	1,100,039
Hong Kong Dollar (HKD)	-	-		-	11,616,508	1,081,969	11,616,508	1,081,969
Euro (EUR)	-	-		-	43,581,524	13,311,720	43,581,524	13,311,720
Japanese Yen (JPY)	-	-	-	-	12,702,662	4,518,277	12,702,662	4,518,277
United States Dollar (USD)	-	-		-	99,937,907	21,924,602	99,937,907	21,924,602
Indonesian Rupiah (IDR)		-		-		1,229,317		1,229,317
New Taiwan Dollar (TWD)	-	-		-	5,164,365		5,164,365	-
Norwegian Krone (NOK)	-	-		-	8,426,130	1,271,155	8,426,130	1,271,155
British Pound (GBP)	-	-		-	35,010,587	1,485,054	35,010,587	1,485,054
Sweden Krona (SEK)	-	-		-	6,669,864	1,423,274	6,669,864	1,423,274
Swiss Franc (CHF)	-	-		-		828,958	-	828,958
South Korean Won (KRW)		-	-	-	29,051,795	623,951	29,051,795	623,951

### 5. Financial Risk Management (continued)

### 5.1.1 Market risk (continued)

### (b) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table below summarises the impact on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets on non-monetary assets and liabilities at balance date, had the exchange rates between the New Zealand dollar and the foreign currencies increased or decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant. The analysis is based on the Manager's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in exchange rates with regard to historical volatility.

	Conserv	ative Fund	Ralar	nced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total
As at 31 March	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Non-monetary assets/(liabilities)	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Exchange rates increased by 10%								
Australian Dollar (AUD)	-	-		-	(2,125,523)	(830,624)	(2,125,523)	(830,624)
Philippine Peso (PHP)	-	-	-	-	(211,177)	(100,004)	(211,177)	(100,004)
Hong Kong Dollar (HKD)		-		-	(1,056,046)	(98,361)	(1,056,046)	(98,361)
Euro (EUR)	-			-	(3,961,957)	(1,210,156)	(3,961,957)	(1,210,156)
Japanese Yen (JPY)	-	-		-	(1,154,787)	(410,752)	(1,154,787)	(410,752)
United States Dollar (USD)	-	-		-	(9,085,264)	(1,993,146)	(9,085,264)	(1,993,146)
Indonesian Rupiah (IDR)	-	-		-	-	(111,756)	•	(111,756)
New Taiwan Dolar (TWD)	-				(469,488)	-	(469,488)	-
Norwegian Krone (NOK)	-				(766,012)	(115,560)	(766,012)	(115,560)
British Pound (G3P)	-	-		-	(3,182,781)	(135,005)	(3,182,781)	(135,005)
Sweden Krona (SEK)	-	-		-	(606,351)	(129,389)	(606,351)	(129,389)
Swiss Franc (CHF)	-			-	-	(75,360)		(75,360)
South Korean Won (KRW)	-	-	-	-	(2,641,072)	(56,723)	(2,641,072)	(56,723)
Exchange rates decreased by 10%								
Australian Dollar (AUD)	-	-		-	2,597,861	1,015,208	2,597,861	1,015,208
Philippine Peso (PHP)	-	-		-	258,105	122,227	258,105	122,227
Hong Kong Dollar (HKD)	-	-		-	1,290,723	120,219	1,290,723	120,219
Euro (EUR)	-	-		_	4,842,392	1,479,080	4,842,392	1,479,080
Japanese Yen (JPY)	-	-		-	1,411,407	502,031	1,411,407	502,031
United States Dollar (USD)		-		-	11,104,212	2,436,067	11,104,212	2,436,067
Indonesian Rupiah (IDR)	-	-		-		136,591		136,591
New Taiwan Dollar (TWD)	-	-		-	573,818	-	573,818	
Norwegian Krone (NOK)	-	-		-	936,237	141,239	936,237	141,239
British Pound (GBP)	-	-		-	3,890,065	165,006	3,890,065	165,006
Sweden Krona (SEK)	-	-		-	741,096	158,142	741,096	158,142
Swiss Franc (CHF)	-	-	•	-		92,106	-	92,106
South Korean Won (KRW)	-	-	•	-	3,227,977	69,328	3,227,977	69,328

### 5. Financial Risk Management (continued)

### 5.1.1 Market risk (continued)

#### (c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Scheme to interest rate risk are short term cash deposits, fixed interest securities and term deposits. The Funds can invest in cash in New Zealand and internationally (short term investments only) and interest income and investment valuations are therefore subject to changes in New Zealand and international interest rates. The Manager may hedge the exposure to interest fluctuations.

Instrument maturities, based on contractual maturity dates, are presented in the table below:

\$ As at 31 March	Cons 2021	servative Fund 2020	2021	Balanced Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund 2020	2021	Scheme Total
Financial assets at amortised cost								
Current Cash and cash equivalents	1,256,434	491,910	6,630,846	766,445	59,726,504	26,194,280	67,613,784	27,452,635
0 - 1 year Term deposits	2,500,000	8,150,000	4,000,000	7,700,000	-	2,800,000	6,500,000	18,650,000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.								
1 + year Fixed interest securities	6,073,665	-	11,106,867	-	-	-	17,180,532	-

#### a) Cash flow sensitivity analysis

A change in interest rates impacts the cash flow of the Scheme's cash and cash equivalents by increasing or decreasing the amount of interest received. A variable of 10 basis points (0.1%) (2020. 10 basis points (0.1%)) was selected as this is a reasonably expected movement based on past overnight cash rate movements. The one year cash flow sensitivity to a 10 basis points (2020:10 basis points) movement in interest rates (based on assets held at reporting date), with all other variables held constant, is shown in the following table:

\$ As at 31 March	Cons 2021	ervative Fund 2020	Bala 2021	nced Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund 2020	2021	Scheme Total 2020
Cash and cash equivalents Increase of 0.1% (2020: 0.1%) Decrease of 0.1% (2020: 0.1%)	1,256 (1,256)	492 (492)	6,631 (6,631)	766 (766)	59,727 (59,727)	26,194 (26,194)	67,614 (67,614)	27,452 (27,452)
<b>Term deposits</b> Increase of 0.1% (2020: 0.1%) Decrease of 0.1% (2020: 0.1%)	973 (973)	4,951 (4,951)	1,441 (1,441)	2,666 (2,666)	:	215 (215)	2,414 (2,414)	7,832 (7,832)

### b) Fair value interest rate risk

A change in interest rates impacts the fair value of the Funds' corporate bonds. Fair value changes impact on net profit, or unit holders' funds, only where the instruments are carried at fair value. A variable of 10 basis points (0.1%) was selected as this is a reasonably expected movement based on recent rate trends. The following table shows the impact on fair values to reasonably possible changes in yields on corporate bonds at 31 March with all other variables held constant:

\$ As at 31 March	Conser 2021	rvative Fund 2020	Balan 2021	ced Fund 2020	Gro 2021	wth Fund 2020	Sche 2021	me Total 2020
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss								
Carrying amount								
Increase of 0.1%	(30,276)	-	(63,265)	-	-	-	(93,541)	-
Decrease of 0.1%	32,543	-	69,170	-		-	101,713	-



### 5. Financial Risk Management (continued)

#### 5.1.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the potential risk of financial loss resulting from the failure of counterparties to honour fully the terms and conditions of a contract with the Funds of the Scheme. The Funds may require collateral or other security to support financial instruments with credit risk. Financial instruments that subject the Funds to credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, margin accounts, term deposits and trade and other receivables including amounts receivable for unsettled investment trades, dividends receivable and contributions receivable.

The Scheme's policy is to invest in term deposits with counterparties of credit rating of BBB/Baa or higher designated by a well-known rating agency. The Funds may also invest in unrated assets where a rating is assigned by the Manager using an approach that is consistent with the approach used by that rating agency.

#### (a) Credit quality

The following table sets out the equivalent Standard & Poor's credit rating for cash and cash equivalents and term deposits, where there is no Standard & Poor ratin, Firth rating is used.

		Conse	ervative Fund	Ва	alanced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total
As at 31 March		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Credit rating									
Cash and cash equivalents Rating Category	AA-	1,256,434	491,910	6,630,846	766,445	56,719,617	26,194,280	64,606,897	27,452,635
Rating Category	BBB- BBB BBB+	-	-	-	-	3,006,887	-	3,006,887	-
Fixed interest securities Rating Category Rating Category Rating Category Rating Category	AA- AA AA+ A- A A+ BBB- BEB BBB+ NR	- 696,131 3,701,977 1,675,557	- - -	2,428,634 - 4,145,449 4,532,784		- - -	- - -	2,428,634 696,131 7,847,426 6,208,341	
<b>Term Deposits</b> Rating Category Rating Category	A- A A+ AA- AA AA+	- 2,500,000	2,550,000 5,600,000	2,000,000 2,000,000	1,100,000 6,600,000		2,800,000	2,000,000 4,500,000	3,650,000 15,000,000

As at 31 March 2021 there were no financial assets past due or impaired.

All other receivables including amounts due from brokers are held by parties which Management considers having a strong capacity to meet their contractual obigations in the near term.

The Scheme also restricts its exposure to credit losses on the trading derivatives it holds by entering into International Swap and Derivatives (Association) ISDA arrangements with their counterparties (Refer to Note 5.1.4 for further details) with whom it undertakes a derivative transactions. The arrangements do not resut in an offset of assets and liabilities in the Slatements of Net Assets as transactions usually settled on a gross basis. However, the credit risk associated with favourable contracts is reduced by the arrangement to the extent that if an event of default occurs, all amounts with the counterparty are terminated and settled on a net basis. The overall exposure to credit risk on derivative instruments subject to such arrangement.

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation. Investments in unlisted funds are into funds of this Scheme managed by the Manager.

The maximum credit risk of financial instruments is considered to be the carrying amount on the Statements of Net Assets. The risk of non-recovery of financial assets is considered to be minimal due to the quality of counterparties dealt with. In accordance with the Scheme's policy, the investment manager monitors the Funds of the Scheme's credit positions on a daily basis. The Risk & Compliance Committee reviews on a two-monthly basis.

The Scheme's Manager measures credit risk and expected credit losses using the probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default,

At balance date, the credit risk has not increased significantly for any of the financial assets at amortised cost since initial recognition. As a result, the Manager measured the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses. Management, depending on the nature and type of financial assets at amortised cost, considers both the historical and forward looking information, the liquidity and duration of the instrument, the credit ratings of the counterparty in determining any expected credit losses.

#### As at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020:

All other receivable balances and amounts due from trokers are held by with counterparties are due to be settled within 1 month with counterparties which Management considers having a strong capacity to meet their contractual obigations in the near term. Cash, margin accounts and term deposits and any interest accruals on any of these instruments are highly liquid and held with counterparties with good credit ratings. The duration of the short term deposits are all less than 12 months and the Manager has no historical information or forward looking information which suggests that there is any losses to be recognised.

The Manager therefore considers the expected credit losses for all the financial assets held at amortised cost held by the Funds to be close to zero. As a result no loss allowance has been recognised based on the 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Funds of the Scheme,



### 5. Financial Risk Management (continued)

### 5.1.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Scheme will experience difficulty in either realising assets or otherwise raising sufficient funds to satisfy commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk is managed by holding liquid investments to enable the Scheme to meet liabilities as they fall due and withdrawals when requested. Where the Funds of the Scheme invests in funds represented by the Manager, they in turn, maintain sufficient liquidity in their portfolios to cover reasonably foreseeable redemptions under normal market conditions. The Scheme also holds securities that are listed on the NZX, ASX escheme also holds securities that are listed on the NZX, ASX escheme also holds securities that are listed on the NZX, ASX escheme also holds securities that are listed on the NZX, ASX escheme also holds securities that are listed on the NZX, ASX escheme also holds securities that are listed on the NZX is a support of the Scheme and or various funds represented by the Manager may in certain circumstances suspend withdrawals from the Scheme and or various funds represented by the Manager may in certain circumstances suspend withdrawals from the Scheme and or various funds represented by the Manager may in certain circumstances.

The Scheme's investment policies do not state a minimum required level of investment in liquid investments however do state minimum level of income assets required. The Scheme's financial liabilities consist of trade and other payables and derivatives (forward foreign exchange contracts) which are short term in nature and classified as a current liability at reporting date. Current liabilities of financial derivative instruments consist of the fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts at balance date. The current fair value represents the estimated cash flow that may be required to dispose of the positions. Future cash flows of the Scheme and realised liabilities may differ from current liabilities based on future changes in market conditions.

The table below shows the remaining undiscounted contractual cash flows over their respective maturities for the Funds' financial liabilities;

\$ As at 31 March	Con: 2021	servative Fund 2020	2021	Balanced Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund 2020	2021	Scheme Total 2020
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 7 days to 1 month 1 month to 3 months	:	-	:	:	(2,559,997)	(880,655) (166,337)	(2,559,997)	(880,655) (166,337)
Financial liabilities at amortised cost  Trade and other payables Less than 7 days	(459,151)	(396,935)	(19,881)	(110,772)	(3,923,986)	(1,341,744)	(4,403,018)	(1,849,451)
Net assets available for benefits Unknown	(15,606,399)	(13,056,495)	(48,880,448)	(21,875,277)	(347,911,230)	(89,821,556)	(379,589,490)	(107,106,716)

### 5.1.4 Offsetting and amounts subject to master netting arrangements and similar agreements

The Funds' are subject to International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) arrangements with their derivative counterparty, BNZ ("Bank of New Zealand"). According to the terms of the ISDA arrangements with the respective counterparties all the derivatives are settled on a net basis.

	Conserv	vative Fund	Balar	nced Fund	Gr	owth Fund		Scheme Total
As at 31 March	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Financial assets subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements:								
Gross amounts of recognised financial assets	-	-	-	-	5,745	-	5,745	-
Net amounts of financial assets presented in the Statement of Net Assets		-	-	-		-		-
Related amounts not set-off in the Statements of Net Assets								
Financial instruments	-	-	<u> </u>	-	(5,745)	-	(5,745)	
Net amount	-	-		-		_	_	

\$ As at 31 March	Conserv 2021	vative Fund	Balan 2021	ced Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund	2021	Scheme Total
Financial liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements:  Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities	-			_	(2,559,997)	(1,046,992)	(2,559,997)	(1,046,992)
Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the Statement of Net Assets Related amounts not set-off in the Statement of Net Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial instruments Cash collateral	-	-	-	-	5,745 80	1,222,437	5,745 80	1,222,437
Net amount	-	-			(2,554,172)	175,445	(2,554,172)	175,445

### 5. Financial Risk Management (continued)

### 5.1.4 Offsetting and amounts subject to master netting arrangements and similar agreements (continued)

Per the terms of the ISDA agreement each party has the option to settle all open contracts on a net basis in the event of default by the other party. The ISDA agreement defines an event of default as including the following:

- \* failure by a party to make a payment when due
- \* failure by a party to perform an obligation required by the agreement (other than payment) if such failure is not remedied within 30 days after notice of such failure is given to the party
- \* bankruptcy

The related amounts not set-off in the Statements of Net Assats represent amounts that have not been offset in the Statements of Net Assats but could be expected to be offset in the event of default by either the Fund or its counterparty to the derivative contract. For financial instruments this is the maximum value of assets and liabilities that could be offset. For cash collateral (2021: nil), this is the value of cash that could be withheld by the counterparty to settle derivatives.

#### 5.2 Capital risk management

Net assets available to pay benefits are considered to be the Scheme's capital for the purposes of capital management not withstanding net assets available to pay benefits is classified as a liability for accounting. The Scheme does not have to comply with externally imposed capital requirements. The Scheme's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns to its members and maximise the Scheme's members' values as well as ensuring its net assets available to pay benefits are sufficient to meet all present and future obligations. In order to meet its objectives for capital management the Scheme's management monitors the Scheme's performance on a regular basis.

#### 5.2.1 Units on Issue

Units	Cor	servative Fund	В	alanced Fund		Growth Fund
For the year ended	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Units on issue at the start of the year Units issued Units redeemed	12,481,151 20,243,179 (19,402,264)	1,425,578 16,658,614 (5,603,041)	20,514,426 29,715,660 (14,309,362)	5,232,497 21,496,529 (6,214,600)	80,098,888 147,941,392 (16,038,836)	29,555,454 63,082,361 (12,538,927)
Units on issue at the end of the year	13,322,066	12,481,151	35,920,724	20,514,426	212,001,444	80,098,888

### 5. Financial Risk Management (continued)

#### 5.3 Fair value estimation

All financial assets and financial liabilities included in the statements of net assets, are carried at amounts that represent or approximate fair value. The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date. The cuoted market price used for financial assets held by the Funds is the last traded price. The price used for unlisted unit trusts is the published withdrawal price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis,

NZ IFRS 13 requires the Funds to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Manager. The Manager considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.



### 5. Financial Risk Management (continued)

### 5.3 Fair value estimation (continue)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Funds' financial assets and financial liabilities (by class) measured at fair value at the year end:

Level 1 Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Listed equities	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Listed equities								
Listed funds/trusts		-	:	576,713	281,366,839 8,136,057	59,268,211	281,366,839 8,136,057	59,268,211 576,713
Total Level 1 Assets		-		576,713	289,502,896	59,268,211	289,502,896	59,844,924
Level 2 Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss								
Forward foreign exchange contracts Fixed interest securities Unlisted funds/trusts	6,073,665 6,063,692	4,687,633	- 11,106,867 26,744,895	- 12,958,979	5,745 - -	-	5,745 17,180,532	-
Total Level 2 Assets	12,137,357	4,687,633	37,851,762	12,958,979	5,745		17,186,277	
Level 1 Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Equity futures	_	-			_	(166,337)	.,,,	(166,337)
Total Level 1 Liabilities						(166,337)		(166,337)
Level 2 Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Forward foreign exchange contracts								
	-		•		(2,559,997)	(880,655)	(2,559,997)	(880,655)
Total Level 2 Liabilities		-	-	-	(2,559,997)	(880,655)	(2,559,997)	(880,655)

The fair value of listed equities, listed funds and equity futures are determined using quoted market prices in an active market. This measurement basis falls within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is calculated from spot exchange rates and forward points supplied by WM/Reuters. This measurement basis falls within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as all inputs used to calculate the fair value are based on observable market data.

The Funds' investments in each of the JUNO KiwiSaver Balanced Fund and the JUNO KiwiSaver Growth Fund are valued at fair value which are based on the latest available redemption prices of the units in the respective Funds. The Manager reviews the details of the reported information obtained from the JUNO KiwiSaver Funds and considers:

- (a) the value date of the Net Asset Values ("NAVs") provided; and
- (b) any restrictions on redemptions

The fair value of international managed funds is determined using the redemption price, based on the valuation of its underlying investments, as supplied by the Manager on a daily basis. This measurement basis falls within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as all significant inputs used to calculate the fair value are based on observable market data.

The fair value of financial assets (fixed interest securities) and liabilities that are not actively traded on an exchange are determined using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include benchmark models, net present value techniques, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist and valuation models. This measurement falls within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as all significant inputs used to calculate the fair value are based on observable market data.

There were no transfers between levels during the year.

Refer to note 2.3(c) of the accounting policies for further details on the fair value hierarchy.



## 6. Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

### 6.1. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	Cons	ervative Fund		Balanced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total
As at 31 March	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss								
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	-	-	-	5,745		5,745	-
Fixed interest securities	6,073,665	-	11,106,867	-		-	17,180,532	-
isted equities	-	-	-	-	281,366,839	59,268,211	281,366,839	59,268,211
isted funds/trusts		-		576,713	8,136,057	-	8,136,057	576,713
Unlisted funds/trusts	6,063,692	4,687,633	26,744,895	12,958,979	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	12,137,357	4,687,633	37,851,762	13,535,692	289,508,641	59,268,211	306,689,173	59,844,924
3.2. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss								
						Growth Fund		Scheme Total
	Cons	ervative Fund		Balanced Fund		Growin Fund		Scheme Total
s As at 31 March	Cons 2021	ervative Fund 2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
					2021		2021	
inancial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss					2021	2020	2021	2020
is at 31 March inancial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss iquity futures onward foreign exchange contracts	2021	2020		2020				

### 7. Concentration of investments

The following table presents the securities, excluding derivatives, exceeding 5% of net assets available for benefits at balance date:

	Conservative Fund		Balanced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total	
As at 31 March	2021	% of NAV	2021	% of NAV	2021	% of NAV	2021	% of NAV
Investments exceeding 5% of net assets available for benefits								
JUNO Balanced Fund	6,063,692	38.85%	_				_	_
ARGNZ 2.2% 27/10/2027	870,322	5.58%						
CNU 2.51% 02/12/2030	1,481,610	9.49%						-
OCANZ 2.30% 19/10/2027	805,235	5.16%		-	-		-	
WIANZ 2.50% 14/08/2026	802,992	5.15%	-	-	-			
ASBBNK Term Deposit 0.85% 10/02/2021 02/08/2021	1,000,000	6.41%	-	-				
ASBBNK Term Deposit 0.95% 12/03/2021 01/09/2021	1,500,000	9.61%						-
IAGAU 5.15% 15/06/2043	1,028,761	6.59%		-	-		-	-
JUNO Growth Fund	-	-	26,744,895	54.71%	-	-	26,744,895	7.05%
	Conservative Fund		Balanced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total	
As at 31 March	2020	% of NAV	2020	% of NAV	2020	% of NAV	2020	% of NAV
Investments exceeding 5% of net assets available for benefits						70 01 10 10		
Investments exceeding 5% of net assets available for benefits  JUNO Balanced Fund	4,687,633	35.90%	_	_	_		_	_
	4,687,633 1,000,000	35.90% 7.66%	-	:	-	-	:	:
JUNO Balanced Fund				-	:	-	:	-
JUNO Balanced Fund ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.14% 31/03/2020 22/03/2021 ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.17% 24/03/2020 14/12/2020 BCHINA Term Deposit 2.5% 04/03/2020 04/03/2021	1,000,000	7.66%				:	:	
JUNO Balanced Fund ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.14% 31/03/2020 22/03/2021 ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.17% 24/03/2020 14/12/2020 BCHINA Term Deposit 2.5% 04/03/2020 04/03/2021 JUNO Growth Fund	1,000,000 1,500,000	7.66% 11.49%		-	-	- - -	:	:
JUNO Balanced Fund ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.14% 31/03/2020 22/03/2021 ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.17% 24/03/2020 14/12/2020 BCHINA Term Deposit 2.5% 04/03/2020 04/03/2021 JUNO Growth Fund ASBBNK Term Deposit 1.9% 26/02/2020 16/11/2020	1,000,000 1,500,000 700,000	7.66% 11.49% 5.36%	-	-	-	- - -	:	- - - - -
JUNO Balanced Fund ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.14% 31/03/2020 22/03/2021 ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.17% 24/03/2020 14/12/2020 BCHINA Term Deposit 2.5% 04/03/2020 04/03/2021 JUNO Growth Fund ASBBNK Term Deposit 1.9% 26/02/2020 16/11/2020 ASBBNK Term Deposit 1.94% 26/11/2019 18/05/2020	1,000,000 1,500,000 700,000	7.66% 11.49% 5.36%	- - 12,958,979	- - 59.24%	-	:	:	:
JUNO Balanced Fund ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.14% 31/03/2020 22/03/2021 ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.17% 24/03/2020 14/12/2020 BCHINA Term Deposit 2.5% 04/03/2020 04/03/2021 JUNO Growth Fund ASBBNK Term Deposit 1.9% 26/02/2020 16/11/2020 ASBBNK Term Deposit 1.94% 26/11/2019 18/05/2020 ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.04% 10/12/2019 31/08/2020	1,000,000 1,500,000 700,000	7.66% 11.49% 5.36% -	- - - 12,958,979 1,300,000	- 59.24% 5.94%	-	:	:	:
JUNO Balanced Fund ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.14% 31/03/2020 22/03/2021 ASBBNK Term Deposit 2.17% 24/03/2020 14/12/2020 BCHINA Term Deposit 2.5% 04/03/2020 04/03/2021 JUNO Growth Fund ASBBNK Term Deposit 1.9% 26/02/2020 16/11/2020 ASBBNK Term Deposit 1.94% 26/11/2019 18/05/2020	1,000,000 1,500,000 700,000	7.66% 11.49% 5.36% - -	- - - 12,958,979 1,300,000 2,000,000	59.24% 5.94% 9.14%	-	:	:	: : : : : :

### 7. Concentration of investments (continued)

The following table presents the securities, excluding derivatives, exceeding 5% of security class:

The following table presents the securities, exceeding 5 % of security class.								
	Conse	rvative Fund	Ba	lanced Fund	0	Growth Fund	Scheme T	otal
As at 31 March	% of 2021	Security type	% of 3 2021	Security type	% of S 2021	% of Security type 2021		Security type
Trading securities exceeding 5% of security class								
Listed funds/trusts iShares MSCI Frontier 100 ETF		-		-	8,136,057	100%	8,136,057	100%
Unlisted funds								
JUNO Balanced Fund JUNO Growth Fund	6,063,692	100.00%	26,744,895	100.00%			-	-
Fixed Interest Securities								
ARGNZ 2.2% 27/10/2027	870,322	14.33%				-	870,322	5.07%
OCANZ 2.30% 19/10/2027	805,235	13.26%	-	-	-	-		-
IAGAU 5.15% 15/06/2043	1,028,761	16.94%	1,028,761	9.26%	-	-	2,057,522	11.98%
KIWI 2.35% 11/12/2030	696,131	11.46%		-	-	-	-	-
VCTNZ 5.70% 15/06/2022	388,614	6.40%	-	-	-	-	-	-
CNU 2.51% 02/12/2030	1,481,610	24.39%	1,481,610	13.34%	-	-	2,963,220	17.25%
WIANZ 2.50% 14/08/2026	802,992	13.22%		-	-	-	-	-
IPLNZ 2.4% 31/08/2027	-	-	982,383	8.84%	-	-	982,383	5.72%
SUMNZ 2.30% 21/09/2027	•	•	976,335	8.79%		•	976,335	5.68%
RYMNZ 2.55% 18/12/2026		-	1,569,506	14.13%		-	1,569,506	9.14%
GMTNZ 2.559% 04/09/2030		-	559,631	5.04%	-	-	-	-
MCYNZ 1.56% 14/09/2027 TPNZ 1.735% 04/09/2025	-	-	573,720	5.17%	-	-		
IFT 3.35% 15/03/2026	•	•	1,015,492	9.14%	•	-	1,015,492	5.91%
WSTP 1.439% 02/24/26	-	-	1,004,560 991,440	9.04% 8.93%	•	•	1,004,560	5.85% 5.77%
WSTF 1.458 // 02/24/20	•	•	991,440	8.93%		•	991,440	5.77%
Term deposits								
ASBBNK Term Deposit 0.85% 10/02/2021 02/08/2021	1,000,000	40.00%	2,000,000	50.00%		-	3,000,000	46.15%
ASBBNK Term Deposit 0.95% 12/03/2021 01/09/2021	1,500,000	60.00%	-			-	1,500,000	23.08%
BCHINA Term Deposit 1% 17/02/2021 17/08/2021	-		2,000,000	50.00%	-	-	2,000,000	30.77%



### 7. Concentration of investments (continued)

	C	onservative Fund	В	alanced Fund	Gro	owth Fund	Scheme Total	
		% of Security	%	of Security type	%	of Security type		% of Security
s at 31 March	2020	type	2020		2020		2020	type
rading securities exceeding 5% of security class								
isted equities								
2 Milk Co Ltd	-	-	-	-	3,684,585	6.22%	3,684,585	6.22%
crifols SA	=	-	-	-	3,361,065	5.67%	3,361,065	5.67%
licrosoft Corporation	-	-	-	-	3,458,261	5.83%	3,458,261	5.83%
aspers Ltd	-	-	-	-	3,118,158	5.26%	3,118,158	5.26%
CA Corporation	-	-	-	-	3,299,606	5.57%	3,299,606	5.57%
isted funds/trusts								
Shares Core Global Aggregate Bond NZD-H Acc	-	-	576,713	100.00%		-	576,713	100.00%
nlisted funds								
UNO Balanced Fund	4,687,633	100.00%	_	-	-	-	-	-
JNO Growth Fund	-	-	12,958,979	100.00%	-	-	-	-
erm deposits								
SBBNK Term Deposit 2.14% 31/03/2020 22/03/2021	1,000,000	12.27%	-	-	_		1,000,000	5.36%
SBBNK Term Deposit 2.17% 24/03/2020 14/12/2020	1,500,000	18.40%	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	8.04%
SBBNK Term Deposit 2.35% 20/03/2020 15/03/2021	500,000	5.13%	-	-	-		-	-
SBBNK Term Deposit 2.39% 09/03/2020 30/11/2020	500,000	5.13%	-	-	-	-	-	
SBBNK Term Deposit 2.8% 02/12/2019 24/08/2020	500,000	6.13%	-	-	-	-	-	-
CHINA Term Deposit 2.5% 04/03/2020 04/03/2021	700,000	3.59%	-	-	-	-	-	-
SBBNK Term Deposit 1.9% 26/02/2020 16/11/2020	-	-	1,300,000	16.88%		-	1,300,000	6.97%
SBBNK Term Deposit 1.94% 26/11/2019 18/05/2020	-	-	2,000,000	25.97%	-	-	2,000,000	10.72%
SBBNK Term Deposit 2.04% 10/12/2019 31/08/2020	-	-	1,900,000	24.68%		-	1,900,000	10.19%
SBBNK Term Deposit 2.04% 30/01/2020 20/10/2020 SBBNK Term Deposit 2.96% 30/01/2020 20/10/2020	-	-	600,000	7.79%	-	-	-	-
SBBNK Term Deposit 2.86% 30/12/2019 21/09/2020 CHINA Term Deposit 2.65% 25/10/2019 24/04/2020	-	-	800,000	10.39%	-	-		
SBBNK Term Deposit 2.65% 25/10/2019 24/04/2020	-	-	1,100,000	14.29%	-	-	1,100,000	5.90%

### 8. Financial instruments by category

Financial instruments currently recognised in the financial statements comprise cash and cash equivalents, term deposits, trade and other receivables, financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and trade and other payables. The following table details the Scheme's financial assets and liabilities by category:

\$ As at 31 March	Cons 2021	ervative Fund 2020	2021	Balanced Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund 2020	2021	Scheme Total 2020
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	12,137,357	4,687,633	37,851,762	13,535,692	289,508,641	59,268,211	306,689,173	77,491,536
Financial assets at amortised cost Cash and cash equivalents Term deposits Trade and other receivables	1,256,434 2,500,000 198,907	491,910 8,150,000 143,302	6,630,846 4,000,000 521,907	766,445 7,700,000 57,240	59,726,504 - 6,357,257	26,194,280 2,800,000 4,478,671	67,613,784 6,500,000 7,078,071	27,452,635 18,650,000 4,679,213
Total financial assets at amortised cost	3,955,341	8,785,212	11,152,753	8,523,685	66,083,761	33,472,951	81,191,855	50,781,848
Total financial assets	16,092,698	13,472,845	49,004,515	22,059,377	355,592,402	92,741,162	387,881,028	128,273,384
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		-			2,559,997	1,046,992	2,559,997	1,046,992
Financial liabilities at amortised cost Trade and other payables Net assets available for benefits	459,151 15,606,399	396,935 13,056,495	19,881 48,880,448	110,772 21,875,277	3,923,986 347,911,230	1,341,744 89,821,556	4,403,018 379,589,490	1,849,451 107,106,716
Total financial liabilities at amortised cost	16,065,550	13,453,430	48,900,329	21,986,049	351,835,216	91,163,300	383,992,508	108,956,167
Total financial liabilities	16,065,550	13,453,430	48,900,329	21,986,049	354,395,213	92,210,292	386,552,505	110,003,159

#### 9. Related parties

#### 9.1 Manager and Supervisor

The Manager of the Scheme is Pie Funds Management Limited. Management and administration fees per month is deducted from each member by way of unit redemption and is payable to the Manager as outlined below. This is accounted for as a withdrawal and does not impact net profit before membership activities. During the year, management and administration fees paid to the Manager totalled \$1,113,709 (31 March 2020: \$280,650). MMC Limited maintain the members' accounts and register of the Scheme and receives a fee for this service, paid by the Manager. The fee increase occurred on 1 December 2020.

- For members under age of 13 years

- For members between ages of 13 and 18 years or balances and less than \$5,000

- For member balances in the Scheme from \$5,000 to \$14,999

- For member balances in the Scheme from \$15,000 to \$24,999

- For member balances in the Scheme from \$25,000 to \$49,999

- For member balances in the Scheme from \$50,0000 to \$74,999

- For member balances in the Scheme from \$75,0000 to \$99,999

- For member balances in the Scheme from \$100,000 to \$200,000

\* After which the member will be charged an extra \$30 per month for every additional \$100,000 invested.

- Free

- \$2.50 per month (2020: Free)

- \$5 per month (2020: \$5 per month)

(2020: \$5 per month) - \$8 per month - \$20 per month (2020: \$15 per month)

- \$40 per month (2020: \$25 per month)

- \$60 per month (2020; \$25 per month)

- \$90 per month\* (2020: \$50 per month)

The Supervisor of the Scheme is Trustees Executors Limited. The Supervisor is entitled to receive a fee from the Manager for supervisory services.

Audit fees and supervisor fees of the Funds are paid for by the Manager on behalf of the Scheme. The Manager paid and or accrued for the following amounts on behalf of the Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2021: Audit fees: \$26,450 (31 March 2020: \$24,037)

Supervisory fees: \$53,335 (31 March 2020: \$23,421)

Management fee rebates paid by the Manager to the Scheme are disclosed in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

Holdings in the Funds by Directors and key management personnel of the Manager that are directly held:

	Conservative Fund		Balanced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total	
As at 31 March	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Holdings		-	8,568	4,064	315,087	485,681	323,655	489,745



### 9. Related parties (continued)

### 9.2 Investments in the Scheme by related parties

The following table shows the value of investments by related parties in the Scheme at balance date:

The following table shows the value of investments by related parties in the Scheme at balance date:								
\$ As at 31 March	Cons 2021	servative Fund 2020	2021	Balanced Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund 2020	2021	Scheme Total 2020
JUNO KiwiSaver Funds JUNO KiwiSaver Balanced Fund JUNO KiwiSaver Conservative Fund			6,063,692	4,687,633	26,744,895	12,958,979		-
Total		-	6,063,692	4,687,633	26,744,895	12,958,979		
The following table shows the (loss) incurred/income earned by related parties from their investments in the	Funds in the year ended:							
\$ For the year ended 31 March	Cons 2021	servative Fund 2020	2021	Balanced Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund 2020	2021	Scheme Total 2020
JUNO KiwiSaver Funds JUNO KwiSaver Balanced Fund JUNO KwiSaver Conservative Fund	<u> </u>	:	- 1,211,448	(31,880)	7,417,831 -	(92,549) 27		-
Total (loss) incurred/income earned by related parties from investments in the Funds		-	1,211,448	- 31,880	7,417,831	92,522		-
9.3 Investments by the Scheme in related parties								
The following table shows the value of investments by the Scheme in related parties at balance data:								
\$ As at 31 March	Cons 2021	ervative Fund 2020	2021	Balanced Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund 2020	2021	Scheme Total 2020
JUNO KiwiSaver Funds JUNO KiwiSaver Balanced Fund JUNO KiwiSaver Growth Fund	6,063,692	4,687,633	- 26,744,895	- 12,958,979	:	:	:	:
Total	6,063,692	4,687,633	26,744,895	12,958,979		-		
The following table shows the (loss) incurred/income earned by the Funds from their investments in related	parties in the year ended:							
\$ For the year ended 31 March	Cons 2021	ervative Fund 2020	2021	Balanced Fund 2020	2021	Growth Fund 2020	2021	Scheme Total 2020
JUNO KiwiSaver Funds JUNO KiwiSaver Balanced Fund JUNO KiwiSaver Growth Fund	1,211,448	(31,880) 27	- 7,417,831	- (92,549)		-		-
Total (loss) incurred/income earned by the Funds from investments in related parties	1,211,448 -	31,853	7,417,831	- 92,549	-	-		

### 10. Trade and other receivables

\$	Con	Conservative Fund		Balanced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total	
As at 31 March	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Accrued interes! Management fee rebates receivable Dividends and distributions receivable Margin accounts Unsettled investment trades Contributions receivable	23,910 9 - - - 174,988	29,963 9 - - - 113,330	20,111 9 - - 501,787	48,476 84 - - - 8,680	1,880 12 302,544 80 4,124,043 1,928,698	31,354 11 65,743 1,222,437 2,672,682 486,444	45,901 30 302,544 80 4,124,043 2,605,473	109,793 104 65,743 1,222,437 2,672,682 608,454	
Total trade and other receivables	198,907	143,302	521,907	57,240	6,357,257	4,478,671	7,078,071	4,679,213	

All trade and other receivable balances are carried at amortised cost and their carrying values approximate fair value due to their short term nature.

### 11. Trade and other payables

\$ As at 31 March	Conservative Fund 2021 2020		Balanced Fund 2021 2020		Growth Fund 2021 2020		Scheme Tota	
Redempiions payable Unsettled investment trades	459,151 -	396,935	19,881 -	110,772	217,072 3,706,914	28,558 1,313,186	696,104 3,706,914	536,265 1,313,186
Total trade and other payables	459,151	396,935	19,881	110,772	3,923,986	1,341,744	4,403,018	1,849,451

All trade payable and other payables balances are carried at amortised cost and their carrying values approximate fair value due to their short term nature.

## 12. Reconciliation of net profit before membership activities to net cash flows from operating activities

	Conservative Fund		E	Balanced Fund		Growth Fund		Scheme Total
For the year ended 31 March	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Net profit before membership activities	1,723,738	30,636	7,674,910	107,648	62,591,196	1,639,318	63,360,565	1,902,031
Adjustments for non cash items: Unrealised changes in the fair value of financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange gains/(losses) on cash and cash equivalents Dividends and distributions re-invested	(1,522,741) - -	31,853 - -	(7,432,421) (8,620)	67,773 - -	(63,940,550) 1,833,897 (59,820)	(725,931) (360,835) (29,551)	(64,266,433) 1,825,277 (59,820)	(750,734) (360,835) (29,551)
Movements in working capital items: Increase in trace and other receivables Increase in net cost of investments Increase in term deposits	(1,522,741)	31,853	(7,441,041)	67,773	(62,166,473)	(1,116,317)	(62,500,976)	(1,141,120)
	6,053 (5,926,984) 5,650,000	(24,475) (4,329,973) (7,430,000)	28,440 (16,883,649) 3,700,000	(30,580) (10,839,487) (5,500,000)	(207,328) (162,562,331) 2,800,000	(87,459) (45,750,912) (300,000)	(172,835) (178,840,268) 12,150,000	(142,514) (45,990,372) (13,230,000)
_	(270,931)	(11,784,448)	(13,155,209)	(16,370,067)	(159,969,659)	(46,138,371)	(166,863,103)	(59,362,886)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(69,934)	(11,721,959)	(12,921,340)	(16,194,646)	(159,544,936)	(45,615,370)	(166,003,514)	(58,601,975)

### 13. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2021 (31 March 2020: nil).

### 14. Capital commitments

There were no material capital commitments as at 31 March 2021 (31 March 2020: nil).

### 15. Events after balance date

No significant events that have occurred since the reporting date which would have impact on the financial position of the Funds disclosed in the Statements of Net Assets as at 31 March 2021 or on the results and cash flows of the Funds for the reporting period ended on that date.



## Independent auditor's report

To the members of JUNO KiwiSaver Scheme (the "Scheme") which comprises:

- JUNO KiwiSaver Conservative Fund
- JUNO KiwiSaver Balanced Fund
- JUNO KiwiSaver Growth Fund

(Collectively referred to as the "Funds")

### Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Scheme and the Funds present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Scheme and the Funds as at 31 March 2021, their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

### What we have audited

The Scheme's and the Funds' financial statements comprise:

- the statements of net assets as at 31 March 2021;
- the statements of changes in net assets for the year then ended;
- the statements of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) (ISAs (NZ)) and International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Funds and the Scheme in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand) (PES 1) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We have provided the following services to Pie Funds Management Limited (the Manager): agreed upon procedures on the net tangible assets calculation. Subject to certain restrictions, employees of the firm may invest in the Scheme on normal market terms. These services and relationships have not impaired our independence as auditor of the Scheme.



### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Scheme and the Funds' financial statements of the current year. We have one key audit matter, which is valuation and existence of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the Scheme and the Funds' financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

### Description of the key audit matter

# Valuation and existence of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Refer to note 6 to the financial statements for disclosures of financial assets and financial liabilities ("financial instruments") at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- JUNO KiwiSaver Conservative Fund: \$12,137,357
- JUNO KiwiSaver Balanced Fund: \$37.851.762
- JUNO KiwiSaver Growth Fund: \$289.508.641
- JUNO KiwiSaver Scheme: \$306,689,173

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- JUNO KiwiSaver Growth Fund: \$ 2,559,997
- JUNO KiwiSaver Scheme: \$2,559,997

This was an area of focus for our audit as it represents the majority of the assets of the Scheme and the Funds.

### Description of the key audit matter

The fair value of the financial instruments traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at 31 March 2021 and are categorised as level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of the financial instruments that are not traded in an active market are determined using valuation techniques. The valuation technique depends on the underlying asset or liability and includes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at 31 March 2021. Financial instruments with inputs to the valuation that are observable either directly or indirectly are categorised as level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

The Scheme and the Funds' level 2 financial instruments include (where applicable) forward foreign exchange contracts, fixed interest securities and investments in unlisted funds/trusts managed by the Manager. The fair value of these funds is based on the redemption price established by MMC Limited (the Administrator).

For financial instruments quoted in foreign currencies, these are translated to New Zealand dollars using the applicable exchange rate at balance date.

Record of all financial instruments is held by MMC Limited (the Custodian) and financial institutions.

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### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We assessed the processes employed by the Manager, for recording and valuing the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss including the relevant controls operated by the Manager and the third party service organisations. The third party service organisations include the Administrator, the Custodian, and National Australia Bank (the Sub-Custodian).

Our assessment of the business processes included obtaining the internal control reports over custody and investment accounting and registry provided by the third party service organisations. We evaluated the evidence provided by the internal controls reports over the design and operating effectiveness of the key controls operated by the third party service providers for the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021.

Where the report did not cover the full period from 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021, we obtained a bridging letter confirming there were no material changes in the third party service provider's control environment and no significant deficiencies in the design or operation of relevant internal controls in the intervening period.

### Valuation

For all financial instruments where quoted market prices in an active market were available, we have agreed the market price at 31 March 2021 and the exchange rates at which they have been converted from their underlying local currency to New Zealand dollars to independent third party pricing sources.

For forward foreign exchange contracts, we agreed the observable inputs to third party pricing sources and used our own in-house valuation experts to test the fair value using independent valuation models.

### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

For investments in unlisted funds/trusts managed by the Manager, we agreed the redemption price as at 31 March 2021 to the confirmation provided by the Administrator.

For investments in fixed interest securities for which quoted market prices in an active market could not be obtained, we agreed the market price at balance date to independent third party pricing sources where the investments are generally valued using the market approach, whereby the investment's value is determined through reference to prices and information from market transactions for similar or identical assets.

### **Existence**

We obtained confirmation from the Custodian and financial institutions of the holdings of all the financial instruments held by the Scheme and the Funds as at balance date.

From the procedures performed, we have no matters to report.

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### Our audit approach

### Overview

### Materiality

We determined materiality for each fund and the Scheme separately. Our materiality is calculated based on 1% of the net assets for each Fund and the Scheme.

We chose net assets as the benchmark because, in our view, the objective of the Scheme and the Funds is to provide members with a positive return on the Scheme's and the Funds' net assets, taking account of both capital and income returns.

### Key audit matters

As reported above, because of the significance of the financial instruments to the financial statements, we have determined there is one key audit matter: valuation and existence of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. In particular, we considered where management made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters, consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

### Materiality

The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. An audit is designed to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined certain quantitative thresholds for materiality, including the overall materiality for the financial statements of each Fund and the Scheme as a whole as set out above. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit, the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements, both individually and in aggregate, on the financial statements of each Fund and the Scheme as a whole.

### How we tailored our audit scope

We tailored the scope of our audit in order to perform sufficient work to enable us to provide an opinion on the financial statements of each Fund and the Scheme as a whole, taking into account the structure of each Fund and the Scheme, the Fund's and Scheme's investments and the accounting and registry processes and controls.

The Manager is responsible for the governance and control activities of the Scheme and the Funds. The Manager has appointed the Custodian to act as the custodian of the Scheme's and the Funds' investments. The Custodian uses a Sub-Custodian. The Manager has outsourced investment accounting and registry services to the Administrator.

In completing our audit, we performed relevant audit procedures over the control environment of the Manager, the Custodian and the Administrator to support our audit conclusions.

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### Other information

The Manager is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information not yet received, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the Manager and use our professional judgement to determine the appropriate action to take.

### Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with NZ IFRS and IFRS, and for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Scheme and each Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Scheme or a Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (NZ) and ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the External Reporting Board's website at:

https://www.xrb.govt.nz/assurance-standards/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-1/

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Who we report to

This report is made solely to the Scheme's members, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state those matters which we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Scheme's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Samuel Shuttleworth.

For and on behalf of:

Chartered Accountants 30 July 2021

Auckland

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