

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME
CONTENTS
For the year ended 31 March 2019

| | Page |
|---|------|
| Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits | 1 |
| Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits | 2 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 3 |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 4 |
| Auditor's Report | 13 |

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS
For the year ended 31 March 2019


| | Notes | 2019 \$000's | 2018 \$000's |
|---|-------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| INCOME | | | |
| Dividend and distribution income | | 1,563 | 1,568 |
| Interest income | | 1,355 | 1,990 |
| Net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | <u>357,379</u> | <u>277,104</u> |
| TOTAL INCOME | | <u>360,297</u> | <u>280,662</u> |
| EXPENSES | | | |
| Audit fees | 4,10 | 29 | 28 |
| Other services provided by the auditor | 4,10 | 33 | 32 |
| Management fees | 10 | 21,747 | 19,713 |
| Other expenses | | <u>3,255</u> | <u>4,584</u> |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | | <u>25,064</u> | <u>24,357</u> |
| NET PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX | | 335,233 | 256,305 |
| Tax expense/(credit) | | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| NET PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAX | | <u>335,233</u> | <u>256,305</u> |
| MEMBERSHIP ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Contributions | | | |
| Members' contributions | | 383,292 | 378,485 |
| Crown contributions | | 64,453 | 66,102 |
| Employer contributions | | 198,079 | 198,567 |
| Transfers from other superannuation schemes | | 77,038 | 92,411 |
| Members' PIE tax rebates | | <u>474</u> | <u>377</u> |
| Total Contributions | | <u>723,336</u> | <u>735,942</u> |
| Withdrawals | | | |
| Members' withdrawals | | 206,472 | 151,655 |
| Transfers to other superannuation schemes | | 380,954 | 289,471 |
| Inland Revenue refunds | | 753 | 2,607 |
| Members' PIE tax withdrawals | | 57,608 | 31,254 |
| Member fees | 10 | 5,289 | 5,423 |
| Administration fees | 10 | <u>20,845</u> | <u>19,008</u> |
| Total Withdrawals | | <u>671,921</u> | <u>499,418</u> |
| NET CONTRIBUTIONS/(WITHDRAWALS) | | <u>51,415</u> | <u>236,524</u> |
| CHANGE IN NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS | | <u>386,648</u> | <u>492,829</u> |

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS
As at 31 March 2019

| | Notes | 2019 \$000's | 2018 \$000's |
|---|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3 | 73,206 | 74,535 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 3 | 5,390,163 | 4,973,058 |
| Receivables | 3 | <u>6,631</u> | <u>27,886</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | <u>5,470,000</u> | <u>5,075,479</u> |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Payables | 4 | <u>35,017</u> | <u>27,144</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | <u>35,017</u> | <u>27,144</u> |
| NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS | | <u>5,434,983</u> | <u>5,048,335</u> |
| VESTED BENEFITS | 5 | <u>5,434,983</u> | <u>5,048,335</u> |

For and on behalf of AMP Wealth Management New Zealand Limited (the Manager), who authorised the issue of these financial statements as at the date below:



Director

20 June 2019
Date



Director

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the year ended 31 March 2019

| | Notes | 2019 \$000's | 2018 \$000's |
|---|-------|----------------------|----------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Interest received | | 1,354 | 1,988 |
| Sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | 90,386 | 8,298 |
| Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | (148,535) | (235,543) |
| Expenses paid | | <u>(25,128)</u> | <u>(23,892)</u> |
| NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 8 | <u>(81,923)</u> | <u>(249,149)</u> |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Contributions received | | 720,246 | 733,391 |
| Withdrawals paid | | <u>(639,652)</u> | <u>(499,578)</u> |
| NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | <u>80,594</u> | <u>233,813</u> |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | (1,329) | (15,336) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | | <u>74,535</u> | <u>89,871</u> |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR | | <u><u>73,206</u></u> | <u><u>74,535</u></u> |

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended 31 March 2019

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

These financial statements are for the AMP KiwiSaver Scheme (the Scheme) for the year ended 31 March 2019 (balance date).

The Scheme is registered under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (the FMCA) as a KiwiSaver scheme. It is a default KiwiSaver scheme under the KiwiSaver Act 2006 (the KiwiSaver Act), pursuant to the KiwiSaver Default Provider (AMP) Notice 2015. The Scheme is a defined contribution scheme.

The purpose of the Scheme is to provide retirement benefits to Members in accordance with the FMCA and KiwiSaver Act.

The Scheme is a profit-oriented reporting entity under XRB A1 - External Reporting Board Standard A1 'Application of the Accounting Standards Framework'.

The Scheme is currently governed by a Trust Deed dated 12 April 2016 between AMP Wealth Management New Zealand Limited (the Manager) and The New Zealand Guardian Trust Company Limited (the Supervisor).

The Manager of the Scheme is a wholly owned subsidiary of AMP New Zealand Holdings Limited. The Manager's ultimate holding company is AMP Limited, a company incorporated in Australia. The Manager is incorporated and domiciled in New Zealand. The registered office of the Manager is located at Level 21, AMP Centre, 29 Customs Street West, Auckland.

AMP Group is in the process of separating its New Zealand wealth management and advice businesses, which includes the Manager, into a standalone business unit. This will not include AMP Capital Investors (New Zealand) Limited (AMP Capital) which operates independently in New Zealand. Existing arrangements with AMP Capital are intended to continue for the immediate future. AMP Group has deferred consideration of a potential initial public offering (IPO) of its New Zealand wealth management and advice businesses until the separation process has been completed. Any IPO would be subject to market conditions and receipt of regulatory approvals.

The Scheme is comprised of various funds (the Funds). Notwithstanding the division of the Scheme into Funds, the Scheme comprises a single trust fund with the value of the Members' interests in the Scheme determined by reference to the value of the units they hold in the Funds.

The Funds as at 31 March 2019 were as follows:

Diversified Funds

| | |
|--|----------------------------|
| AMP Default Fund | ANZ Conservative Fund |
| AMP Conservative Fund | ANZ Balanced Growth Fund |
| AMP Moderate Fund | ANZ Growth Fund |
| AMP Moderate Balanced Fund | ASB Moderate Fund |
| AMP Balanced Fund | ASB Balanced Fund |
| AMP Growth Fund | ASB Growth Fund |
| AMP Aggressive Fund | Nikko AM Conservative Fund |
| AMP Responsible Investment Balanced Fund | Nikko AM Balanced Fund |
| Mercer Balanced Fund (formerly Fisher Balanced Fund) | Nikko AM Growth Fund |

Single Sector Funds

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| AMP Cash Fund | AMP International Shares Fund |
| AMP New Zealand Fixed Interest Fund | AMP Passive International Shares Fund |
| AMP International Fixed Interest Fund | AMP Property Fund |
| AMP Australasian Shares Fund | |

Goals Based Funds

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| AMP Global Multi-Asset Fund | AMP Income Generator Fund |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies that materially affect the financial statements are set out below.

(a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Trust Deed governing the Scheme, the KiwiSaver Act, the FMCA and New Zealand Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (NZ GAAP). They comply with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS), International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate for profit-oriented entities.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The going concern assumption has been applied.

The Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current.

Certain prior period comparatives and the presentation of cash flows have been reclassified to align with current year disclosures.

(b) Investment entities

The Scheme meets the definition of an investment entity.

The Manager determined that the Scheme met the definition of an investment entity by considering the number of Members in the Scheme, the Scheme's business purpose which is to generate a return to Members from capital appreciation and that substantially all of the Scheme's financial assets are measured and evaluated on a fair value basis.

(c) Currency

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, which is the Scheme's functional and presentation currency. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000's).

(d) Income

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Scheme and the income can be readily measured.

Dividend and distribution income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Net gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss includes realised gains and losses on the disposal of financial assets and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets.

(e) Expenses

Expenses are recognised on an accrual basis.

(f) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Scheme classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities as:

(1) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Scheme includes in this category investments in collective investment schemes. Such financial assets are included in this category because they are not held within a business model whose objective is to either collect the contractual cash flow, or collect contractual cash flows and sell the financial assets (ie they are mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss). The Scheme does not designate any financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(2) Financial assets at amortised cost

The Scheme includes in this category cash and cash equivalents, and receivables from underlying fund managers. These assets are classified as financial assets at amortised cost because the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding and they are managed to collect the contractual cash flows.

(3) Financial liabilities at amortised cost

The Scheme includes in this category payables which may include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Scheme which are unpaid as at the balance date. All financial liabilities are included in this category.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Scheme recognises financial assets and liabilities on the date they become party to the contractual agreement (trade date).

Financial assets are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired or the Scheme has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

(1) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value. After initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are revalued to fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the profit or loss.

(2) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets measured at amortised cost are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently amortised using the effective interest rate method, less expected credit losses (if any). The Scheme only holds receivables from underlying fund managers. These receivables have no significant financing component and a maturity of less than 12 months. The Scheme does not track changes in credit risk. The Scheme follows an approach similar to the simplified approach to expected credit losses (ECL) and recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at balance date due to the short term nature of these financial assets.

(3) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term liquid financial assets with an original date of maturity up to 90 days, and bank overdrafts.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these financial assets represent the Scheme's main income generating activity.

(h) Income tax and other taxes

(i) Portfolio Investment Entity (PIE) Tax

The Scheme qualifies as and has elected to be a PIE for tax purposes.

Under the PIE regime, detailed in the Income Tax Act 2007, income is effectively taxed in the hands of the Member and therefore the Scheme has no income tax expense recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Income tax and other taxes (continued)

The Manager attributes the taxable income of the Scheme to Members in accordance with the proportion of their interest in each Fund. The income attributed to each Member is taxed at the Member's prescribed investor rate (which is capped at 28%) and is recognised as a reduction or increase in the value of net assets available for benefits.

(ii) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The Scheme is not registered for GST. All components of the financial statements are stated as inclusive of GST where applicable.

(i) Contributions

Contributions are recognised when the Manager has confirmed the validity of a Member's application details and instructions. Each Member contributes to the Scheme in accordance with the KiwiSaver Act, the Trust Deed and at a rate determined by the Member.

(j) Withdrawals

Withdrawals are recognised when the Manager has confirmed that a Member meets the conditions required for withdrawal eligibility. Withdrawals are paid on or after a Member's qualifying date for retirement. Early withdrawals are permitted for a first home purchase, significant financial hardship, serious illness, permanent emigration and death.

(k) Members' funds

Each unit issued confers an equal interest in that Fund of the Scheme to which the unit relates. A unit does not confer any rights or interests in the individual investments of the Fund or Scheme to the Member.

Members have various rights under the KiwiSaver Act. The rights, obligations and restrictions attached to each unit within a Fund are identical in all respects.

(l) Net assets available for benefits

Net assets available for benefits is the Scheme's present obligation to pay benefits to Members and is the difference between the carrying amount of the assets and the carrying amount of the liabilities.

(m) New accounting standards and interpretations

(i) Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except as follows:

In the current period the Scheme has retrospectively adopted NZ IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' (NZ IFRS 9). All financial assets previously held at fair value through profit or loss continue to be measured at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss. All cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables continue to be measured at amortised cost.

The application of the ECL model under NZ IFRS 9 has not changed the carrying amounts of the Scheme's receivables measured at amortised cost. No ECL allowance has been recorded against the Scheme's receivables and no impairment was recorded under NZ IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'.

In the current period the Scheme has adopted NZ IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' (NZ IFRS 15). There was no impact of adopting NZ IFRS 15 for the Scheme.

(ii) Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

No standards and interpretations have been issued with an effective date after the Scheme's balance date which would have a material impact on the financial statements of the Scheme.

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
For the year ended 31 March 2019

3. FINANCIAL ASSETS

| | 2019 \$000's | 2018 \$000's |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | |
| AMP Capital Australasian Shares Multi-manager Fund | 2,200 | 1,234 |
| AMP Capital Diversified Fund 1* | 1,377,157 | 1,362,928 |
| AMP Capital Diversified Fund 2* | 363,799 | 333,986 |
| AMP Capital Diversified Fund 3* | 483,287 | 429,688 |
| AMP Capital Diversified Fund 4* | 659,620 | 592,637 |
| AMP Capital Diversified Fund 5* | 928,692 | 857,853 |
| AMP Capital Diversified Fund 6* | 713,975 | 657,302 |
| AMP Capital Diversified Fund 7* | 308,456 | 278,205 |
| AMP Capital Global Fixed Interest Multi-manager Fund | 540 | 379 |
| AMP Capital Global Multi-Asset Fund | 14,228 | 11,161 |
| AMP Capital Hedged Global Index Shares Fund | 1,549 | 1,055 |
| AMP Capital Hedged Global Shares Multi-manager Fund | 2,321 | 1,971 |
| AMP Capital Income Generator Fund | 2,646 | 2,211 |
| AMP Capital NZ Cash Fund | 84,281 | 82,495 |
| AMP Capital NZ Fixed Interest Fund | 2,499 | 486 |
| AMP Capital Property Multi-manager Fund | 2,175 | 1,315 |
| AMP Capital Responsible Investment Leaders Balanced Fund | 7,175 | 5,430 |
| AMP Capital Unhedged Global Shares Multi-manager Fund | 1,546 | 1,310 |
| ANZ Balanced Growth Fund | - | 234,535 |
| ANZ Conservative Fund | - | 3,740 |
| ANZ Growth Fund | - | 7,574 |
| ANZ Wholesale Balanced Growth Fund | 255,905 | - |
| ANZ Wholesale Conservative Fund | 5,555 | - |
| ANZ Wholesale Growth Fund | 14,264 | - |
| ASB Superannuation Master Trust - ASB Balanced Fund | 10,421 | 4,932 |
| ASB Superannuation Master Trust - ASB Growth Fund | 9,594 | 5,204 |
| ASB Superannuation Master Trust - ASB Moderate Fund | 4,749 | 1,316 |
| Fisher Institutional Balanced Fund | - | 39,548 |
| Mercer Balanced Portfolio | 43,960 | - |
| Nikko AM Wholesale Balanced Fund | 63,858 | 47,379 |
| Nikko AM Wholesale Conservative Fund | 10,045 | 1,600 |
| Nikko AM Wholesale Growth Fund | 13,614 | 4,175 |
| Wholesale Unit Trust MSCI Global Index Shares Fund | 2,052 | 1,409 |
| Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 5,390,163 | 4,973,058 |

* Financial assets exceeding 5% of net assets available for benefits.

From 25 June 2018, Mercer (N.Z.) Limited replaced Fisher Funds Management Limited as the underlying fund manager of the Mercer Balanced Fund (formerly Fisher Balanced Fund).

Effective 8 August 2018, the underlying investments in the ANZ Balanced Growth Fund, ANZ Conservative Fund and ANZ Growth Fund were replaced with investments in the ANZ Wholesale Balanced Growth Fund, ANZ Wholesale Conservative Fund and ANZ Wholesale Growth Fund.

As at balance date, the AMP Default Fund had a 100% holding in the AMP Capital Diversified Fund 1 (2018: 100%). The AMP Capital Diversified Fund 1 is a unit trust domiciled in New Zealand. It is managed by AMP Capital Investors (New Zealand) Limited and its place of business is Level 1, Meridian Building, Queens Wharf, Wellington. The Scheme has no contractual arrangements with this fund to provide financial support and has not made, nor intends to make, any commitments to provide financial or other support.

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
 For the year ended 31 March 2019

3. FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

| | 2019 \$000's | 2018 \$000's |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Financial assets at amortised cost | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 73,206 | 74,535 |
| Receivables | <u>6,631</u> | <u>27,886</u> |
| Total financial assets at amortised cost | <u>79,837</u> | <u>102,421</u> |
| Total financial assets | <u><u>5,470,000</u></u> | <u><u>5,075,479</u></u> |
| Analysis of receivables | | |
| Fee rebates receivable from underlying fund managers | 127 | 339 |
| Distributions receivable from underlying fund managers | 10 | 9 |
| Contributions receivable | 6,427 | 3,405 |
| PIE tax receivable | <u>67</u> | <u>24,133</u> |
| Total receivables | <u><u>6,631</u></u> | <u><u>27,886</u></u> |

4. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

| | 2019 \$000's | 2018 \$000's |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Financial liabilities at amortised cost | | |
| Payables | <u>35,017</u> | <u>27,144</u> |
| Total financial liabilities | <u><u>35,017</u></u> | <u><u>27,144</u></u> |
| Analysis of payables | | |
| Payable to auditor | 62 | 60 |
| Management fees payable | 1,770 | 1,658 |
| Other expenses payable | 402 | 779 |
| Withdrawals payable | 678 | 514 |
| PIE tax payable | <u>32,105</u> | <u>24,133</u> |
| Total payables | <u><u>35,017</u></u> | <u><u>27,144</u></u> |

The amounts payable to the auditor include both audit fees and fees for other services provided by the auditor. These expenses are shown in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits. Other services provided by the auditor include agreed upon procedures, audit of special purpose financial statements, assurance in relation to Trust Deed compliance and audit of the Member register.

5. VESTED BENEFITS

Vested benefits are benefits payable to Members, under the conditions of the Scheme, on the basis of all Members ceasing to be Members of the Scheme at balance date. The vested benefits as at 31 March equalled the net assets available for benefits.

6. GUARANTEED BENEFITS

No guarantees have been made in respect of any part of the amounts available for benefits (2018: nil).

7. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Scheme's capital is represented by redeemable units with no par value and is reflected as net assets available for benefits in the Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits. In accordance with the accounting policies and the risk management policies in note 9, the Scheme endeavours to invest contributions received in appropriate investments whilst maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet any withdrawal requests. The terms and conditions attached to units in the Scheme can be found in note 2(k).

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
 For the year ended 31 March 2019

8. RECONCILIATION OF NET PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAX TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

| | 2019 \$000's | 2018 \$000's |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Net profit/(loss) after tax | 335,233 | 256,305 |
| Reinvested investment income | (1,563) | (1,570) |
| Net (gains)/losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | (357,379) | (277,104) |
| Management fee offset | 197 | 26 |
| Sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 90,386 | 8,298 |
| Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | (148,535) | (235,543) |
| Net change in operating payables | (262) | 439 |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities | <u>(81,923)</u> | <u>(249,149)</u> |

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk management objectives, policies and processes

The Scheme may be exposed to credit risk, market risk (including unit price risk and interest rate risk), and liquidity and cash flow risk arising from the financial assets and liabilities it holds.

The Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling the risks that arise from these financial assets and liabilities. The Manager agrees policies for managing each of the risks identified below.

The Manager also monitors information about the total fair value of financial assets and liabilities exposed to risk, as well as compliance with established benchmark asset allocations and ranges. These benchmark asset allocations and ranges reflect the investment strategy, objectives and policy, and market environment of the Scheme, as well as the level of risk that the Scheme is willing to accept. This information is prepared and reported to relevant parties within the Manager on a regular basis as deemed appropriate, including key management personnel, appropriate committees, and ultimately the Supervisor of the Scheme.

In order to avoid excessive concentration of risk (which would arise, for example, when a number of financial assets are entered into with the same counterparty), the Manager monitors the Scheme's exposure to ensure concentrations of risk remain within acceptable levels and reduces exposure to manage excessive risk concentrations when they arise.

(b) Credit risk

The Scheme's cash and cash equivalents are not past due or impaired. The Scheme's receivables are subject to the ECL model under NZ IFRS 9. No ECL allowance has been recorded. The carrying amount of these assets best represents their maximum credit risk exposure at balance date.

Cash and cash equivalents are held with banks registered in New Zealand.

(c) Market risk

Two components of market risk have been identified for the Scheme: unit price risk and interest rate risk.

These risks are managed by ensuring that all investment activities are transacted in accordance with established benchmark asset allocations and ranges.

The Scheme invests primarily in units in collective investment schemes (underlying funds), either single-sector or diversified portfolios of domestic or international securities. This reduces the impact of a particular security underperforming.

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(c) Market risk (continued)

(i) Unit price risk

The table below shows the impact on the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits and Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits due to a reasonably possible change in the unit price, with all other variables held constant.

| | Increase/(decrease) on net profit/(loss) before tax and Increase/(decrease) on net assets available for benefits | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| | \$000's | \$000's |
| Change in unit price: | | |
| +10% | 539,016 | 497,306 |
| -10% | (539,016) | (497,306) |

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Scheme's exposure to interest rate risk primarily arises from changes in interest rates applicable to cash and cash equivalents.

The Manager actively monitors interest rate risk exposure and takes actions as necessary. This includes regular review of interest rates applicable to cash balances. The Scheme has no significant direct investments subject to interest rate risk. The Scheme's exposure to interest rate risk is not deemed significant.

(d) Liquidity and cash flow risk

Due to the nature of a KiwiSaver scheme, it is unlikely that a significant number of Members would withdraw at the same time. However, to control liquidity risk, the Scheme invests in financial assets, which under normal market conditions are readily convertible to cash. In addition, the Scheme invests within established investment ranges to ensure there is no concentration of risk.

Payables have no contractual maturities but are typically settled within 30 days. Receivables outstanding at balance date are generally due to be settled within 90 days of balance date.

(e) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The fair value of units held in underlying funds is determined by reference to published exit prices, being the redemption price established by the underlying fund manager.

NZ IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' require fair value measurements to be disclosed by the source of inputs, using a three level hierarchy. The fair value of the Scheme's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are classified as being Level 2, as they are measured using inputs that are directly observable at balance date (2018: Level 2).

10. RELATED PARTIES

Under the terms of the Trust Deed, the Manager is entitled to charge fees in relation to the administration and management of the Scheme.

Fees charged by the Manager during the year are shown in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits. Fees payable to the Manager are shown in note 4. Outstanding balances at year end are unsecured, interest free and settlement occurs in cash.

Under the terms of the Trust Deed, the Manager may recover costs and expenses such as audit costs, printing and postage, legal fees and system costs charged by third parties. These expenses are reflected in audit fees, other services by the auditor and other expenses in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

The Manager pays the Supervisor fees and underlying fund managers' fees on behalf of the Scheme. In addition, the Manager paid, on behalf of the Scheme, audit fees of \$10,000 (2018: \$10,000) and other services provided by the auditor of \$12,000 (2018: \$12,000).

AMP KIWISAVER SCHEME
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
For the year ended 31 March 2019

10. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

The Supervisor is entitled under the Trust Deed to be paid an annual fee, calculated daily and payable quarterly in arrears, as the Supervisor and Manager may agree from time to time. Supervisor fees for the year ended 31 March 2019 amounted to \$632,000 (2018: \$580,000).

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. No related party debts have been written off or forgiven during the year (2018: nil).

11. CONTINGENT ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at balance date (2018: nil).

12. CHANGES TO THE TRUST DEED

There were no changes to the Trust Deed during the year ended 31 March 2019.

13. EVENTS AFTER BALANCE DATE

There have been no significant events since 31 March 2019 that require disclosure in these financial statements.



Independent auditor's report to the Members of the AMP KiwiSaver Scheme

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the AMP KiwiSaver Scheme (the "Scheme") on pages 1 to 12 which comprise the statement of net assets available for benefits of the Scheme as at 31 March 2019, the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements on pages 1 to 12 present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Scheme as at 31 March 2019 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

This report is made solely to the Scheme's Members, as a body. Our audit has been undertaken so that we might state to the Scheme's Members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Scheme and the Scheme's Members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (revised) Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Ernst & Young provides other assurance services and agreed upon procedures to the Scheme. Partners and employees of our firm may deal with the Scheme on normal terms within the ordinary course of the business of the Scheme. We have no other relationship with, or interest in, the Scheme.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Scheme as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, but we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of the audit report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the

financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Investments

| Why significant | How our audit addressed the key audit matter |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ The Scheme's investments portfolio represents approximately 98% of the Scheme's total assets. ▶ As detailed in the Scheme's accounting policies, as described in Note 2 to the financial statements, these financial assets are recognised at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with NZ IFRS 9: Financial Instruments. ▶ Volatility and other market drivers can have a significant impact on the value of these financial assets and the financial statements, therefore the recognition and measurement of the investment portfolio is considered a key area of audit focus. ▶ Disclosures regarding the Scheme's investments are included in Note 3 to the financial statements. | <p>Our audit procedures included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Gaining an understanding of the processes used to record investment transactions and the daily revaluation of the investment portfolio. ▶ Receiving third party confirmations directly, for each underlying fund, of the number of units issued to the Scheme and their respective exit price at balance date and agreeing the recorded holdings to those confirmations. ▶ Recalculating the valuation of the Scheme's investment portfolio at balance date. To validate the fair value in accordance with NZ IFRS 9, we agreed the pricing used for valuation purposes to the exit prices from third party confirmations. ▶ Assessing the performance of each investment against a range of similarly structured funds to assess the appropriateness of the reported performance against expectations derived from broader market performance. ▶ Assessing whether the disclosures in the financial statements appropriately reflected the Scheme's exposure to financial instrument risk with reference to NZ IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures. |

Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report

The Manager is responsible for the Annual Report, which includes information other than the financial statements and auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



**Building a better
working world**

When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the Manager and, if uncorrected, to take appropriate action to bring the matter to the attention of the Members for whom our auditor's report was prepared.

Manager's responsibilities for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible, on behalf of the Scheme, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for assessing on behalf of the Scheme, the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Scheme or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of Members taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the External Reporting Board's website: <https://www.xrb.govt.nz/standards-for-assurance-practitioners/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-2/>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Stuart Mutch.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'Ernst & Young' in a cursive script.

Chartered Accountants
Wellington
20 June 2019